



# RoboCupRescue Robot League

## 2023 Championship, Bordeaux, France



Version: 2023G

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### RoboCupRescue Championships

2023 Bordeaux, France

2022 Bangkok, Thailand

2021 Distributed/Remote

2020 Cancelled (Pandemic)

2019 Sydney, Australia

2018 Montreal, Canada

2017 Nagoya, Japan

2016 Leipzig, Germany

2015 Hefei, China

2014 Joao Pessoa, Brazil

2013 Eindhoven, Netherlands

2012 Mexico City, Mexico

2011 Istanbul, Turkey

2010 Singapore, Singapore

2009 Graz, Austria

2008 Suzhou, China

2007 Atlanta, USA

2006 Bremen, Germany

2005 Osaka, Japan

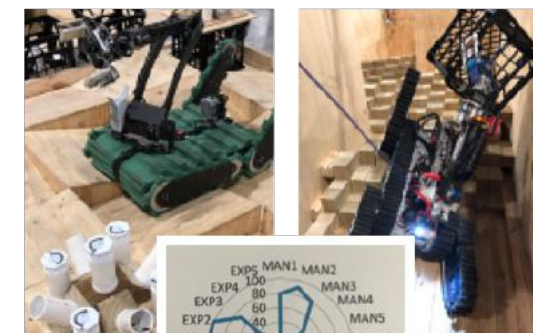
2004 Lisbon, Portugal

2003 Padua, Italy

2002 Fukuoka, Japan

2001 Seattle, USA

2000 AAAI Conf, Austin, TX



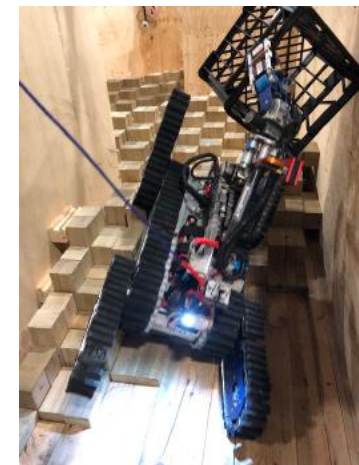
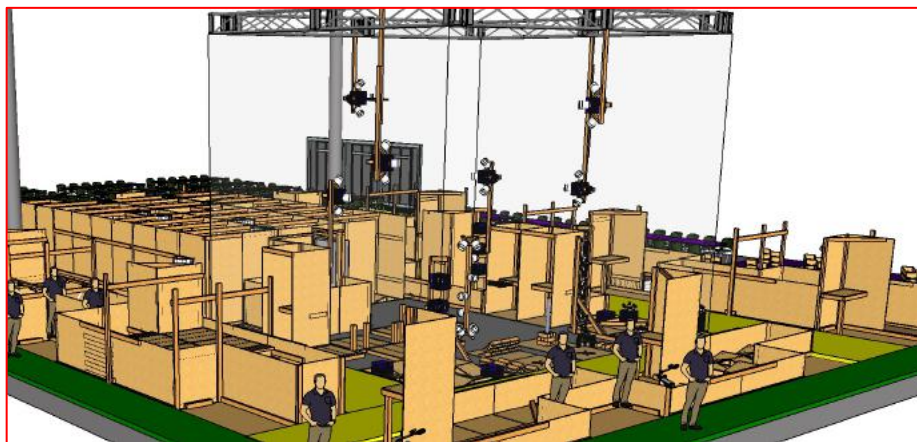


Emergency responders need robots with assistive/autonomous capabilities to perform extremely hazardous tasks in complex environments from safe standoff distances.



**RoboCupRescue**

provides a tangible language  
between emergency responders and  
researchers/manufacturers to refine,  
measure, and highlight breakthrough  
robotic capabilities.





- Established just before the World Trade Center collapse in New York City more than 20 years ago, where robots were deployed but didn't do so well (understandably). But there are partial collapses to deal with much more often.
- Gather teams of researchers capable of developing robotic systems that enable emergency responders to perform extremely hazardous tasks from safer stand-off distances.
- Demonstrate and improve upon the state-of-the-science in robotics for unstructured environments, with an emphasis on developing autonomous and assistive capabilities that make remotely operated robots more capable and reliable.
- Develop and disseminate the standard test methods emergency responders use to
  - Objectively evaluate commercial robots
  - Train with objective measures of remote operator proficiency
  - Credential robot operators for hazardous missions
- It is a long process to harden and commercialize your robots, but this is the essential first step out of the laboratory toward making a difference for those in harm's way.

## RoboCupRescue Championships

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2022 Bangkok, Thailand  
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2016 Leipzig, Germany  
2015 Hefei, China  
2014 Joao Pessoa, Brazil  
2013 Eindhoven, Netherlands  
2012 Mexico City, Mexico  
2011 Istanbul, Turkey  
2010 Singapore, Singapore  
2009 Graz, Austria  
2008 Suzhou, China  
2007 Atlanta, USA  
2006 Bremen, Germany  
2005 Osaka, Japan  
2004 Lisbon, Portugal  
2003 Padua, Italy  
2002 Fukuoka, Japan  
2001 Seattle, USA  
2000 AAI Conf, Austin, TX



RoboCupRescue conducts comprehensive evaluations involving essential mission tasks required by emergency responders worldwide. The arena includes a variety of reproducible terrains, obstacles, and tasks with increasing difficulty to challenge even the most capable robots. Same tests used for commercial robots.

- Ground robots range from small throwable to rather huge.
- Note the new (largest) class of firefighting robots remotely spraying water on a fire.
- All need to be evaluated similarly.



iRobot 110 FirstLook  
2.4kg (5.2lbs)



Qinetiq Dragon Runner 10  
4.5kg (10lbs)



iRobot 310 SUGV  
13.2kg (29lbs)



ICOR Caliber Mini  
27kg (65lbs)



Remotec Titus  
61kg (135lbs)



ICOR Caliber T5  
64kg (140lbs)



Telerob Telemax  
80kg (175lbs)



ICOR Caliber MK3  
84kg (185lbs)



Remotec HD-SEL  
111kg (245lb)



iRobot 710 Kobra  
166.5kg (367lbs)



Remotec F6B  
220kg (485lb)



WM Robotics Knight  
249kg (550lbs)



Remotec Mark 5-A1  
358kg (790lbs)



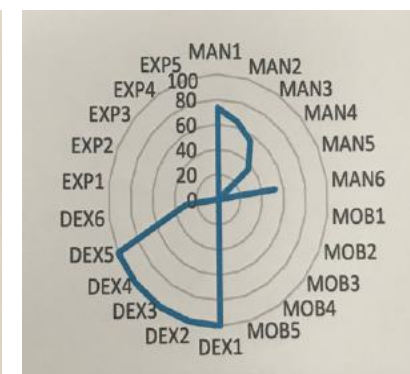
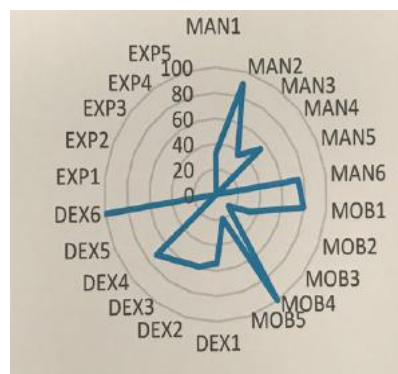
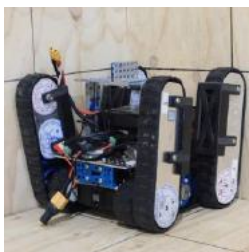
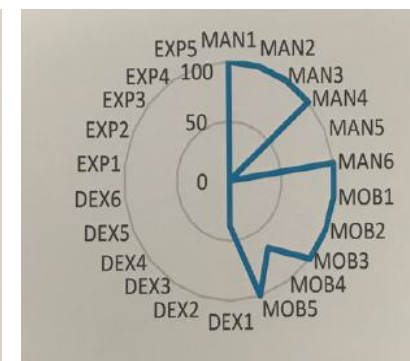
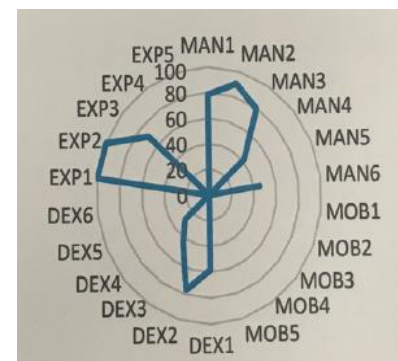
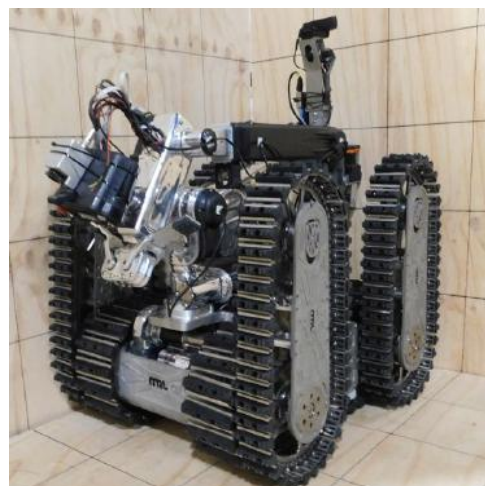
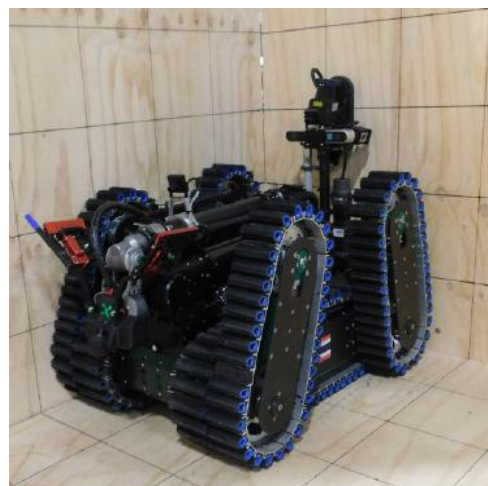
Remotec Wolverine  
367kg (810lbs)

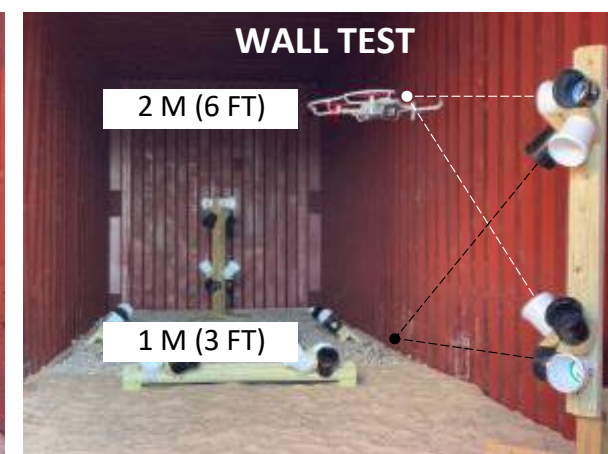
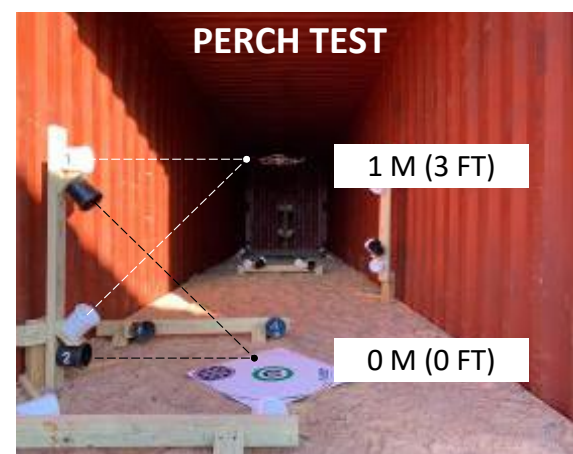


Howe & Howe Thermite RS1 & RS3  
550kg (1200lbs) 1200 Gallons per Minute



RoboCupRescue Robots can have similar designs – success is often imitated. Or they can be very different. All need to be evaluated, compared, and differentiated based on statistically significant capabilities data.





Unitree Go1

Max Height : 29 cm (12 in)  
Weight: 12 kg (26 lbs)  
Max Step : 10 cm (4 in)  
Max Incline:  $\pm 21$  degrees



Unitree Aliengo

Max Height: 60 cm (24 in)  
Weight: 21 kg (47 lbs)  
Max Step : 12 cm (4.7 in)  
Max Incline:  $\pm 25$  degrees



Boston Dynamics Spot

Max Height : 70 cm (28 in)  
Weight : 32 kg (72 lbs)  
Max Step : 30 cm (12 in)  
Max Incline :  $\pm 30$  degrees



Unitree B1

Max Height : 64 cm (25 in)  
Weight : 50 kg (110 lbs)  
Max Step : 20 cm (8 in)  
Max Incline :  $\pm 30$  degrees



Ghost Robotics Vision 60

Max Height : 76 cm (30 in)  
Weight : 51 kg (112 lbs)  
Max Step:     cm (    in)  
Max Incline :  $\pm$      degrees



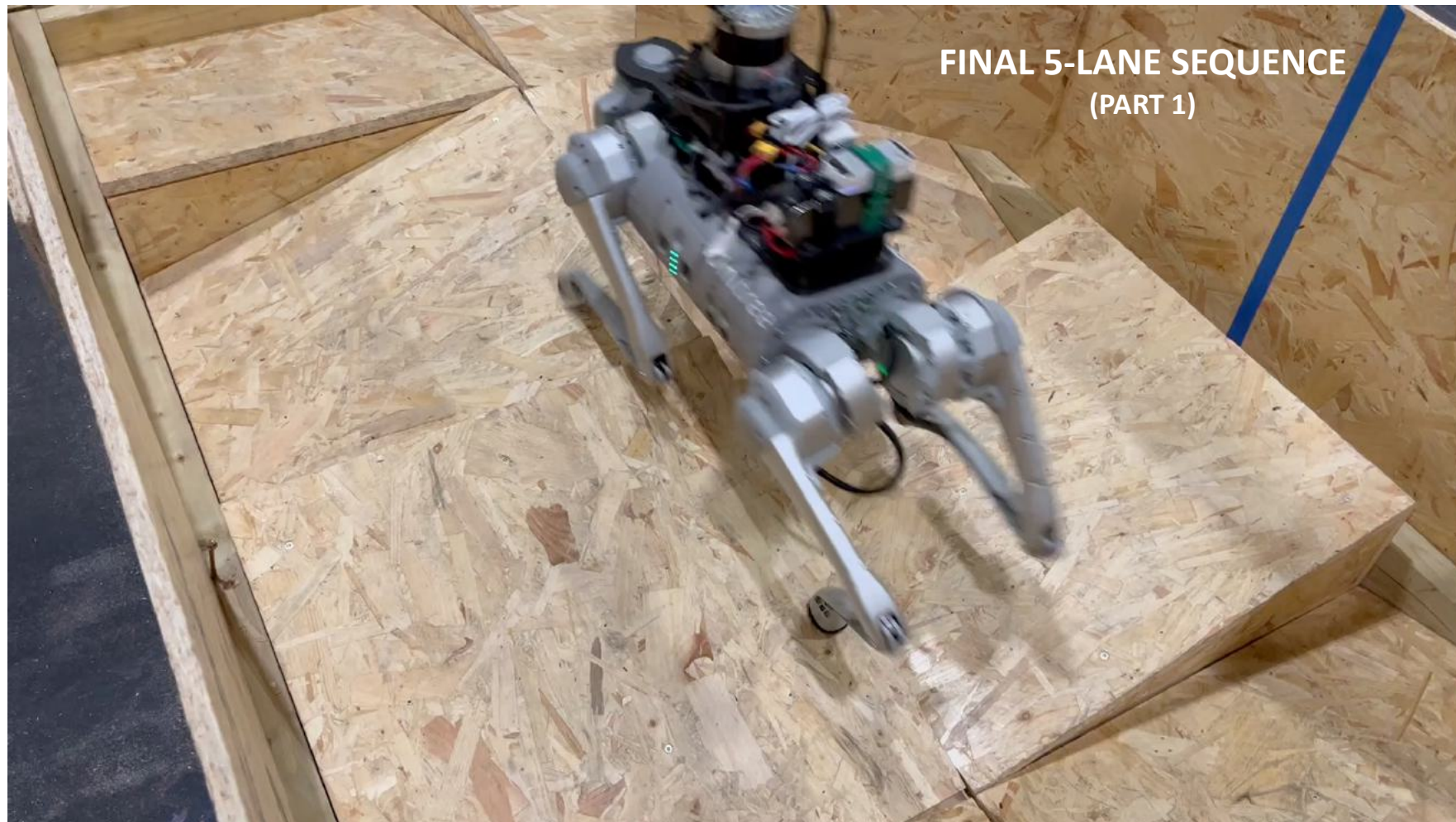
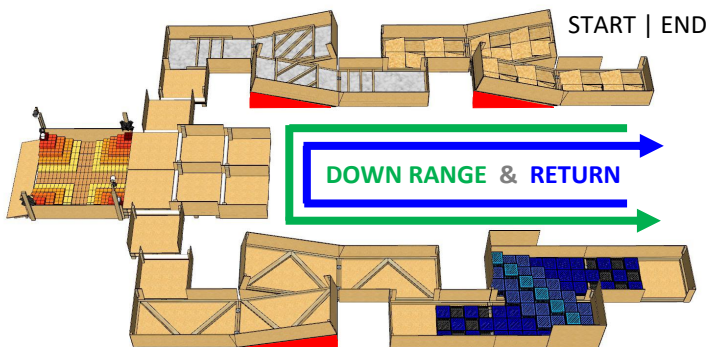
## ICRA 2023 Quadruped Robot Challenge, London, England July 2023

Champion and Best-in-Class Autonomy: **Team KAIST (South Korea)**



FINAL 5-LANE SEQUENCE (10 MINUTE TIME LIMIT)

All 5 Lanes in Both Directions = 80 m (260 ft)



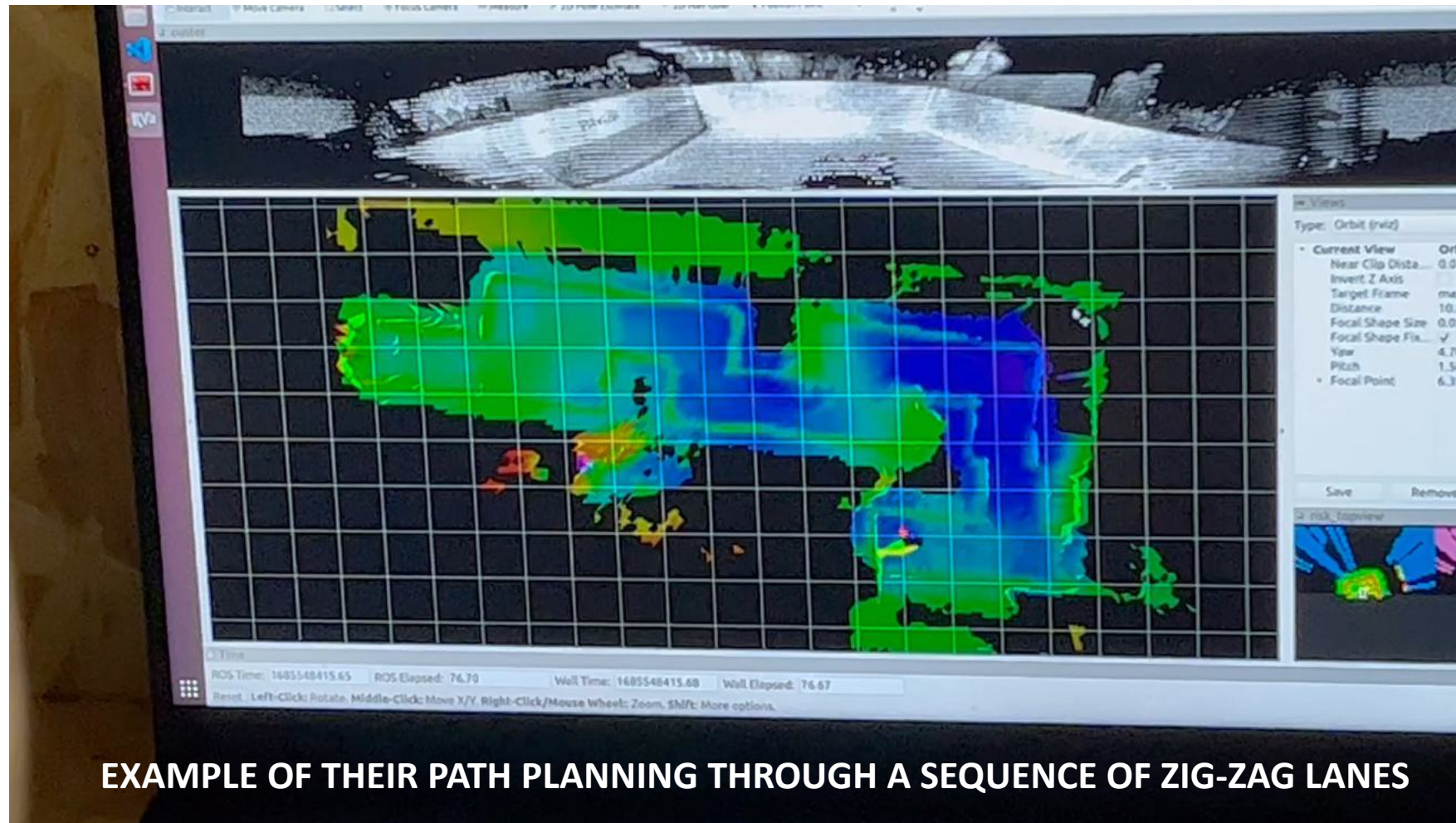
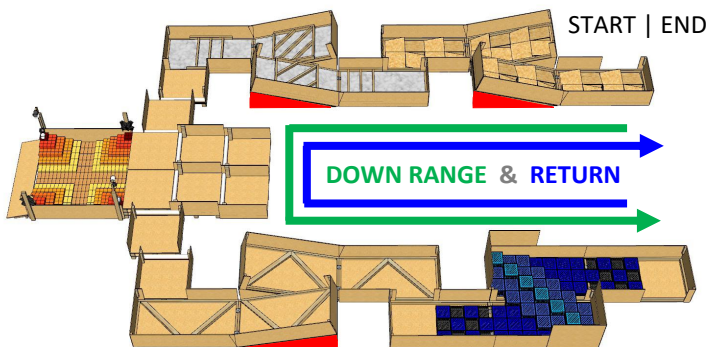


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These standard test lanes apply to a range of robot sizes with variable levels of difficulty in each.

Remote teleoperative demonstrations were conducted between test trials using a **Boston Dynamics Spot** to help refine and validate settings for larger robots.



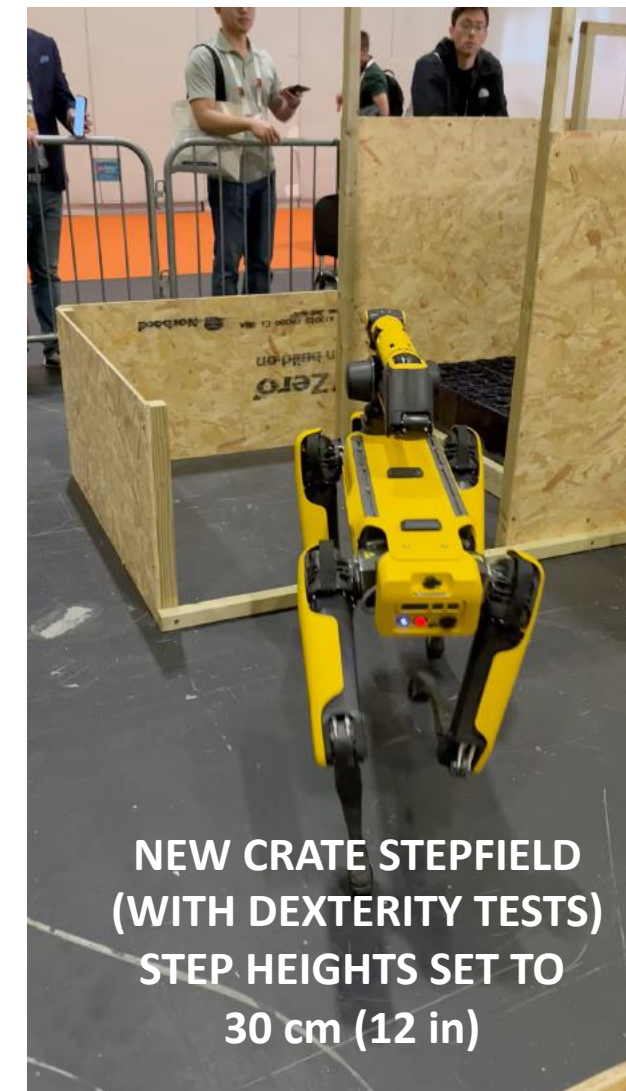


## ICRA 2023 Quadruped Robot Challenge, London, England July 2023



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# Three Scales of Tests



Version: 2023G

Choose the Scale that Matches the Intended Environment

60 cm (24 in) lateral clearance guaranteed.

Environments like dwellings, trains, busses, planes, or between parked cars, etc.





## Choose the Scale that Matches the Intended Environment

30 cm (12 in) lateral clearance guaranteed.

Small throwable robots, potentially disposable, are deployed through access holes into large scale tests.

Emphasis on 3D printed robots with effective designs that can be readily disseminated or improved.







# League Emphasis

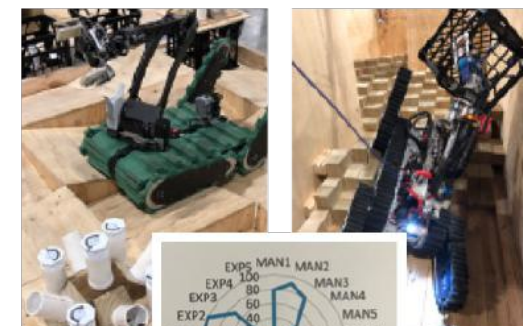


**Maneuvering (MAN)** refers to terrains that can typically be driven FORWARD and REVERSE to demonstrate bi-directional situational awareness, fine motor control, precise steering, etc.

**Mobility (MOB)** refers to terrains and obstacles that are typically too difficult to mandate a particular driving direction. These are reproducible tests abstracted from real-world situations that robots need to perform in emergency response operations.

**Dexterity (DEX)** refers to manipulator tasks embedded within the various terrains and obstacles. They include some standard tests that are easy for everyone to replicate and compare performance along with other tasks that are more operationally relevant and variable. They are on linear rails to evaluate manipulator reach and omni directional objects to evaluate orientational dexterity.

**Exploration (EXP)** refers to autonomous maneuvering tasks within complex terrains to generate 2D and 3D maps of the environment while identifying objects of interest. The resulting maps are scored for accuracy and quality as if they were about to be handed to an emergency responder for immediate use.







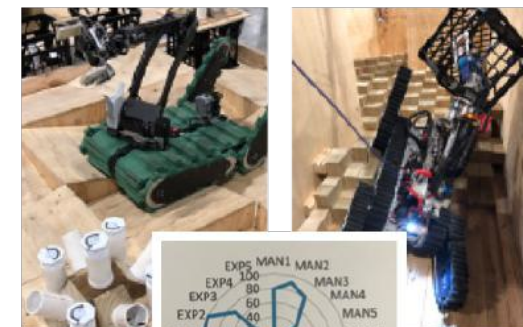
## Evaluate and Compare

- The main objective for teams is to challenge and learn about their robotic system capabilities while refining their approaches.
- Teams learn what it will take for their robots to succeed.
- The best scoring teams can win awards to recognize their accomplishments.



## Resilience to Failure

- Robot resets during trials to ensure some level of measurable success.
- The operator or team member with the best view should declare a reset.
- 2-minute penalty allows the robot to be safely reset at the start of the terrain in which it failed. The trial continues after the penalty time has elapsed.



## Inclusiveness

- Teams get as many trials as possible within the time available, so they can rigorously evaluate their robots in support of their research objectives.
- Teams schedule their own test plan each day to manage their own risks.





## Hundreds of Test Trials to Conduct

- These are astonishingly productive public evaluations with massively concurrent Preliminary trials across 10 individual test lanes.
- Teams proctor and score other teams in the Prelims to practice conducting tests for their own team at home.
- Teams choose which tests they focus on to support their research goals.
- Teams participate during most days until the best teams conduct more difficult combined sequences of tests.

RoboCup Rescue 2019 League Approach

Time	Maneuvering						Mobility					Dexterity					Exploration				
	MAN 1 Center	MAN 2 Align	MAN 3 Traverse	MAN 4 Crossover	MAN 5 Negotiate	MAN 6 Curb	MOB 1 Hurdles	MOB 2 Sand/Gravel	MOB 3 Stepfields	MOB 4 Elevated Ramps	MOB 5 Stair Debris	DEX 1 Parallel Pipes	DEX 2 Omni-Directional Pipes	DEX 3 Vertical Pipes	DEX 4 Door Opening	DEX 5 Shoring	EXP 1 Map on Continuous Ramps	EXP 2 Map on Crossing Ramps	EXP 3 Recognize Objects	EXP 4 Avoid Holes	EXP 5 Avoid Terrain
9:00	Red Knights	Superground	NuBot									SHINOBI						Hector		MARS	
9:30	MRL		Red Knights		Club Capra	Trap Security						AutoOn									
10:00	ATR		Hector	TRIP									SHINOBI						MARS		
10:30	Club Capra	ATR	MRL	Superground									AutoOn					Trap Security			
11:00		Red Knights		Club Capra	ATR	Hector															
11:30	MARS	MRL	Trap Security		SHINOBI				Superground					AutoOn							
12:00	break																				
12:30	break																				
13:00			Club Capra		Red Knights	Superground							NuBot	SHINOBI				Hector			MARS
13:30	ATR								Trap Security					MRL				AutoOn			
14:00	SHINOBI	Club Capra			Red Knights							Superground									
14:30			MARS	MRL		NuBot						Trap Security						AutoOn			Hector
15:00	ATR				Club Capra					SHINOBI	Superground				Trap Security						
15:30												MRL	AutoOn				MARS	Hector			



## Lane Difficulty Settings

- Enable incremental challenges for robots with various capabilities.
- League organizers can set the level of difficulty to provide challenges just beyond the participating robots capabilities to measure the resulting behaviors and reliability.
- When the apparatus difficulty setting is the same for all teams, and the time limit is the same, the trial results are comparable.

## Trial Time Limits

- Not intended to make it a race.
- There is enough time for a capable robot to demonstrate a statistically significant number of task repetitions.
- This provides a measure of reliability that the task can be performed.
- Trials begin every 30 minutes (at 00 and 30 past the hour):
  - 5 minutes to set up
  - **20 minutes of operation**
  - 5 minutes to exit



HALF LANE SHOWN  
FLAT TO 15° INCLINE



## Remote Control

- Operators remotely control their robots while out of sight of the lane.
- All situational awareness must come through the operator interface.
- No talking to the operator is allowed during the trial except to reset a robot or for any other safety issue.

## Autonomy

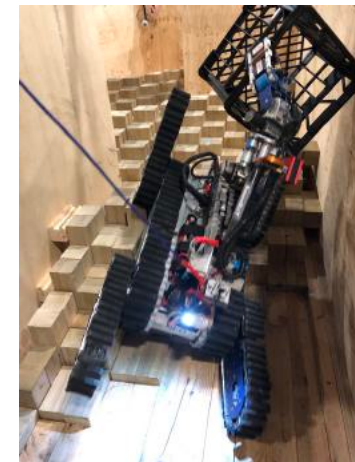
- Autonomous behaviors are encouraged because real-world communications between the robot and the remote operator is often unreliable or intermittent with radio drop-out zones.
- Successful autonomous traverses require NO INTERACTION WITH THE OPERATOR INTERFACE between end zones within each lane. The operator may only set a end GOAL POINT at the far end zone, no waypoints.
- Autonomous lane traverses score a 4x multiplier because autonomy is often slower than teleoperation.
- The operator may take over teleoperative control in the lane end zones to set the next waypoint downrange or at any time during the traverse to finish the lane for a teleop score.





## Radio Comms Degradation

- Happens inside intact and partially collapsed structures.
- Assistive and autonomous behaviors are needed to improve the effectiveness and reliability of robots being operated from safe locations outside the structure.
- **NEW:** We provide scoring incentives (2x multiplier) to encourage teleoperated robots to work with intermittent and unpredictable communications.



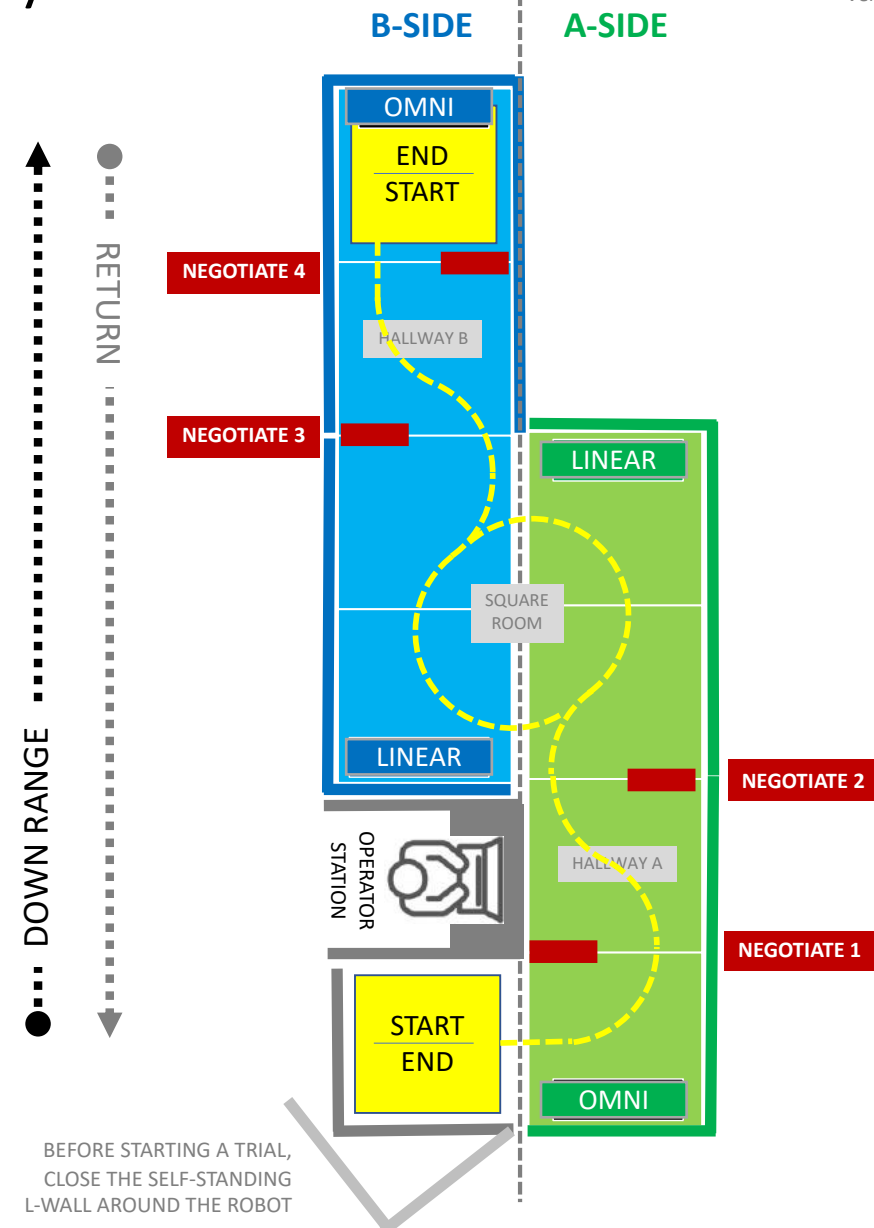
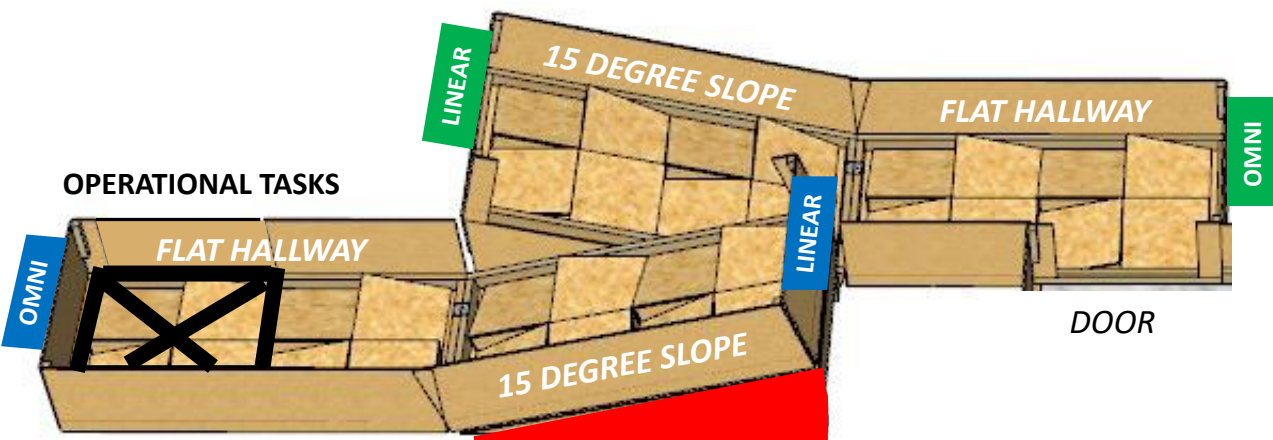
## Tethers

- Are always allowed because they can provide secure communications and ongoing power to drive the robot or recharge batteries over time.
- They must be managed from the lane door by a helper, not guided over the walls.
- Tethers can glow in the dark with arrows identifying the route the robot took. Tethers should be spooled on the robot and act as a winch when necessary to help descend stairs then climb back up if necessary.

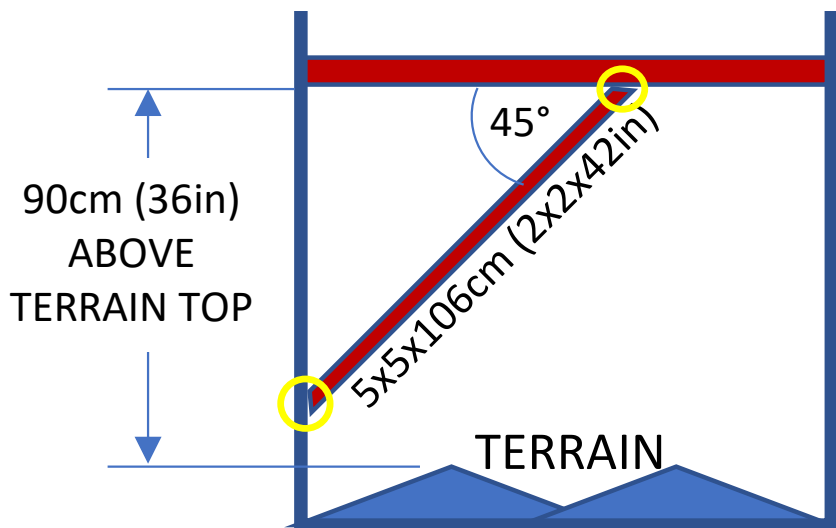




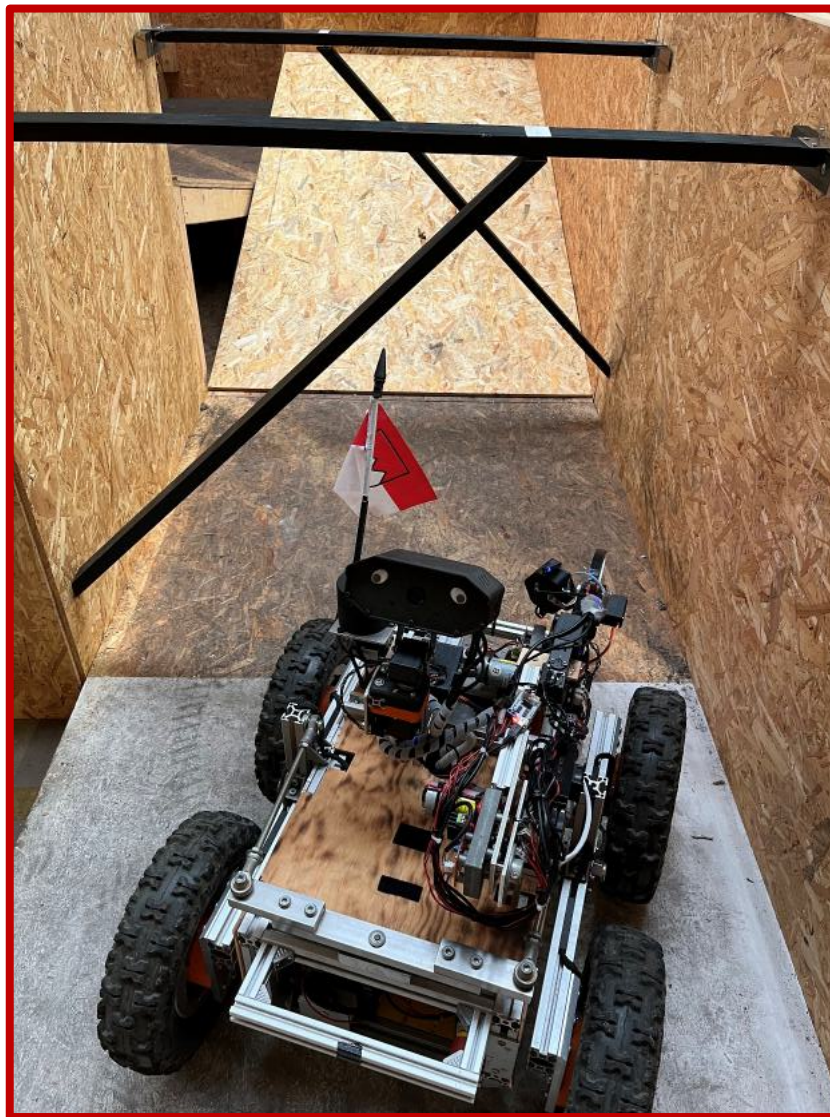
## Linear Dexterity Tasks on Slopes, Omni Dexterity Tasks in Flat End Zones



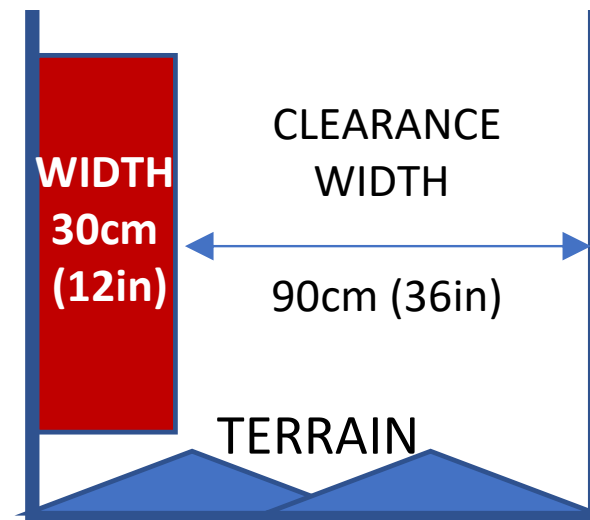
## ANGLED/MAGNETIZED



ANGLED BEAM HANGS FROM THE CROSSBAR AND IS AFFIXED TO THE SIDE WALL WITH A MAGNET AND WASHER SO IT CAN RELEASE IF BUMPED.



## VERTICALS/FIDUCIALS



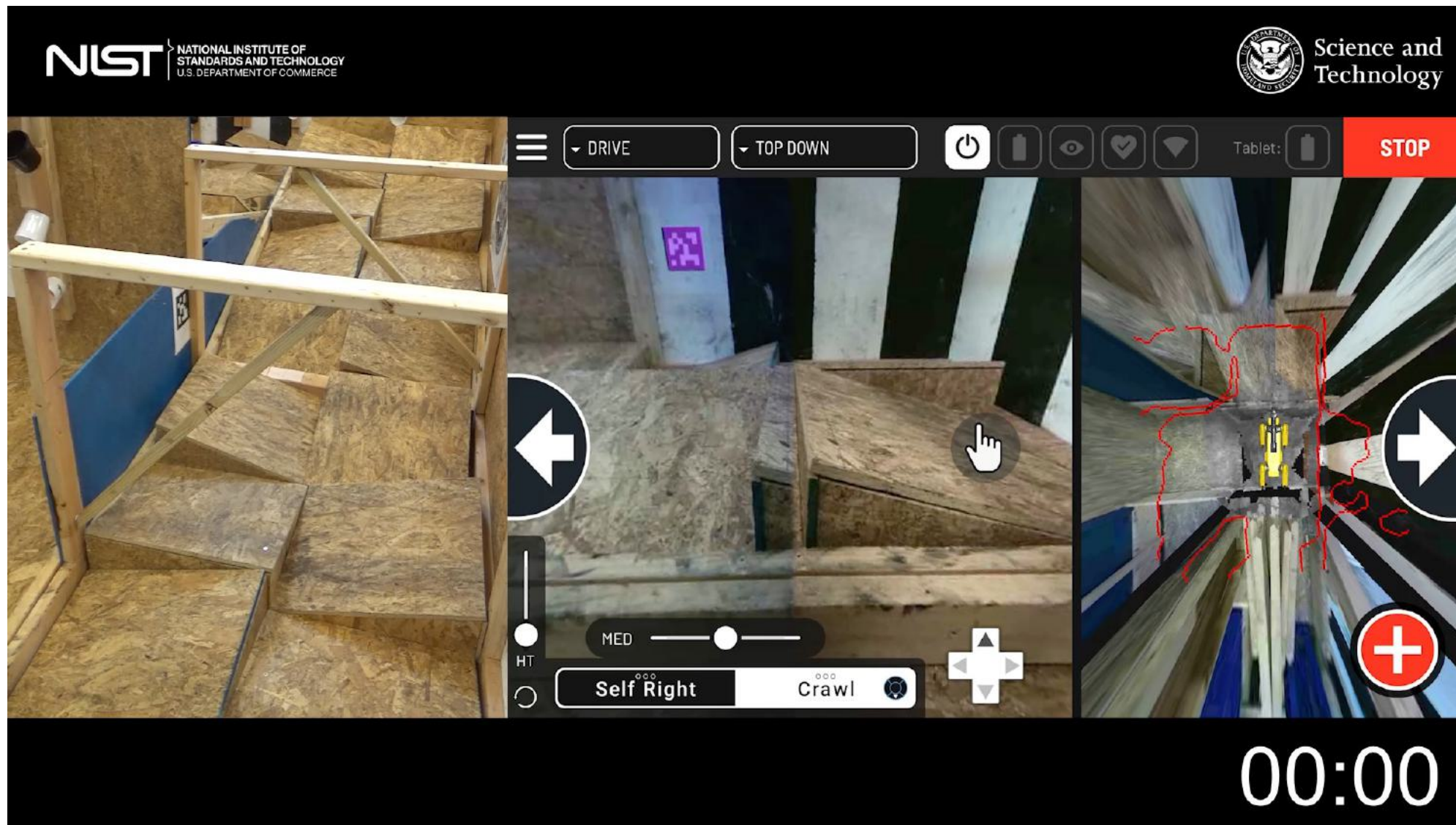


# NEW CHALLENGE: Embedded Negotiate Tasks

This year only in Continuous Ramps, K-Rails, and Sand/Gravel



Version: 2023G





# Arena Layout



## 10 Test Lanes

**TERRAINS (TER)** Either "FLAT" or "SLOPED" 15degrees

Continuous Ramps (FLAT)

Crossing "Pinwheel" Ramps (15deg slopes)

K-Rails (15deg slopes)

Sand & Gravel (15deg slopes)

**OBSTACLES (OBS)** All have adjustable features to increase difficulty

Incline & Center (15deg plane, variable door widths top/bottom)

Pallet/Pipe Hurdles (10/20/30cm elevations with pipes)

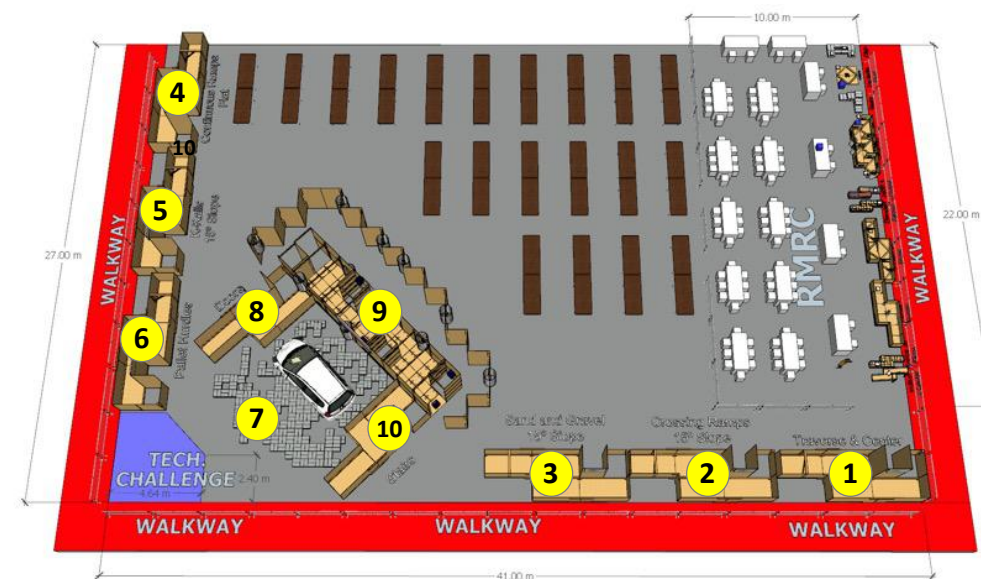
Stairs (35/40/45deg, 20cm Risers, 2/4 debris)

Doors (Push/Pull, 240cm "room" or 120cm "hallway" access)

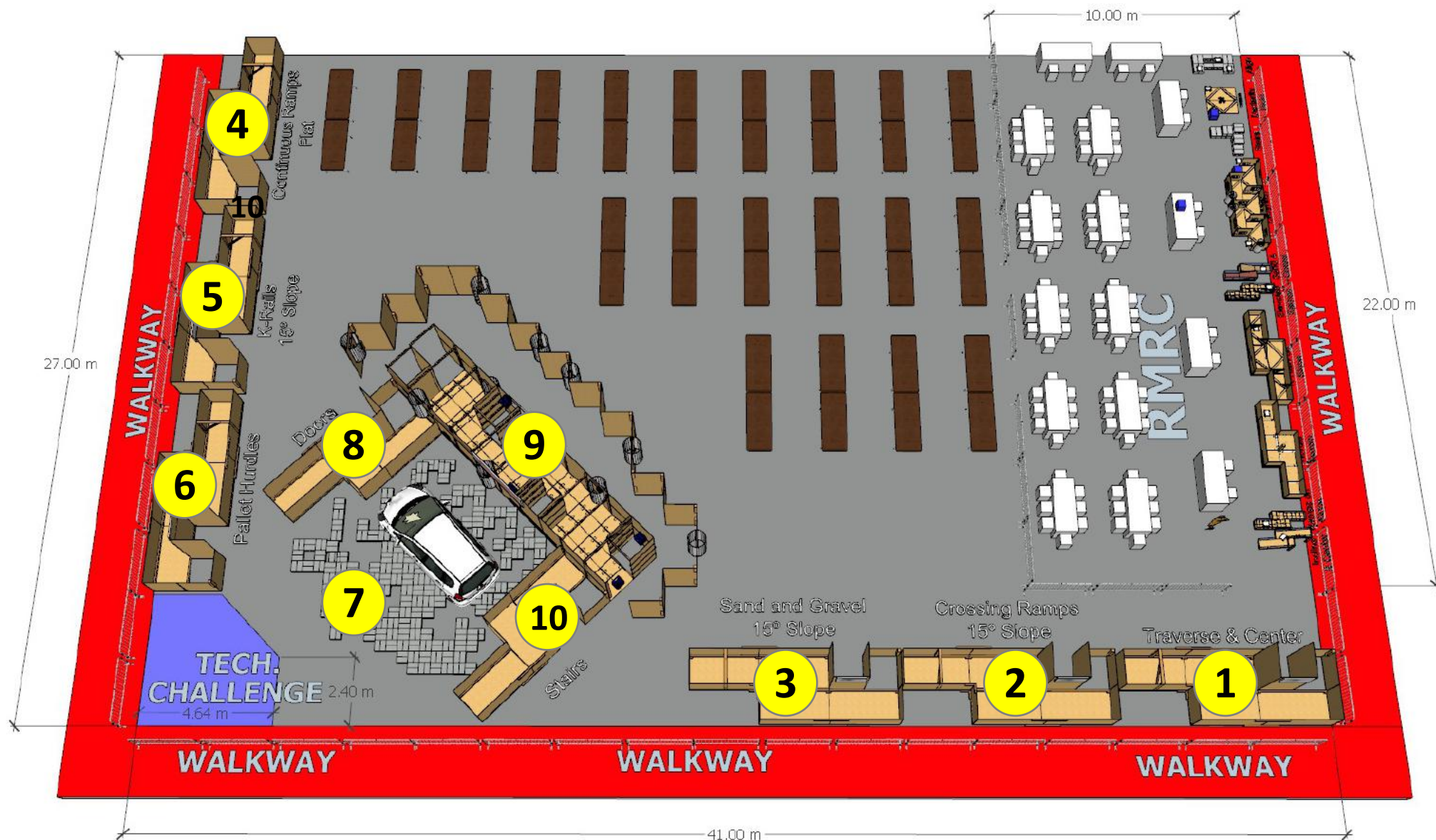
**EXPLORATION (EXP)** All emphasize autonomy and mapping

Avoid Holes (elevated paths, objects to identify)

Labyrinth (various terrains, mapping fiducials, objects to identify)



Prelims: 10 Concurrent Lanes (Enter and Exit Through the Same Doors)



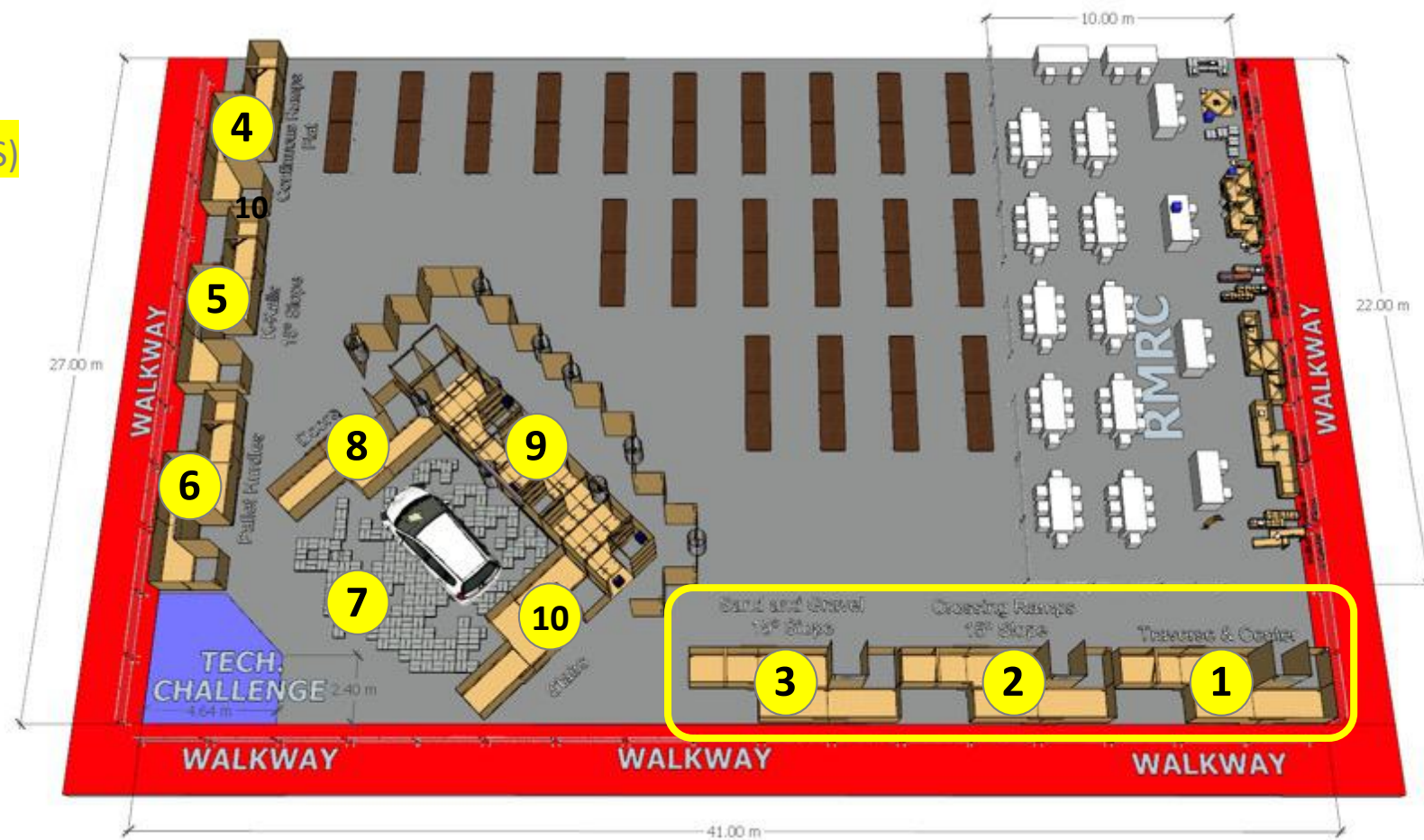


Semis: 3 Concurrent Sequences (Enter and Exit Through the Same Doors)

## Approach an Urban Dwelling

Sequence Lanes 1-2-3 (in any order):

- Obstacles: Traverse and Center (COMMS)
- Terrain: Crossing Ramps
- Terrain: Sand & Gravel (NEGOTIATE)

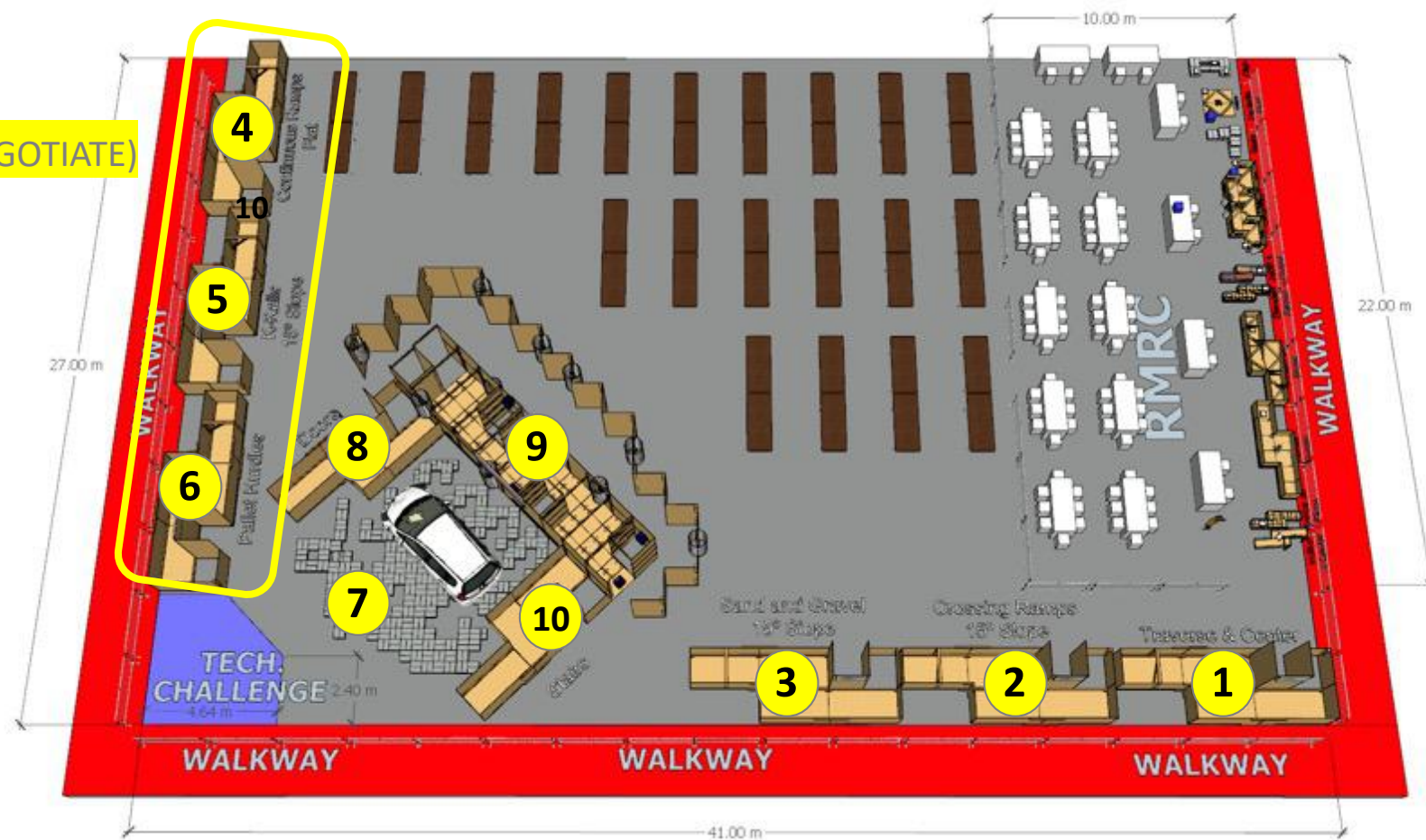


Semis: 3 Concurrent Sequences (Enter and Exit Through the Same Doors)

## Approach a Country Dwelling

Sequence Lanes 4-5-6 (in any order):

- Terrain: Continuous Ramps (COMMS, NEGOTIATE)
- Terrain: K-Rails (NEGOTIATE)
- Obstacles: Pallets with Pipes



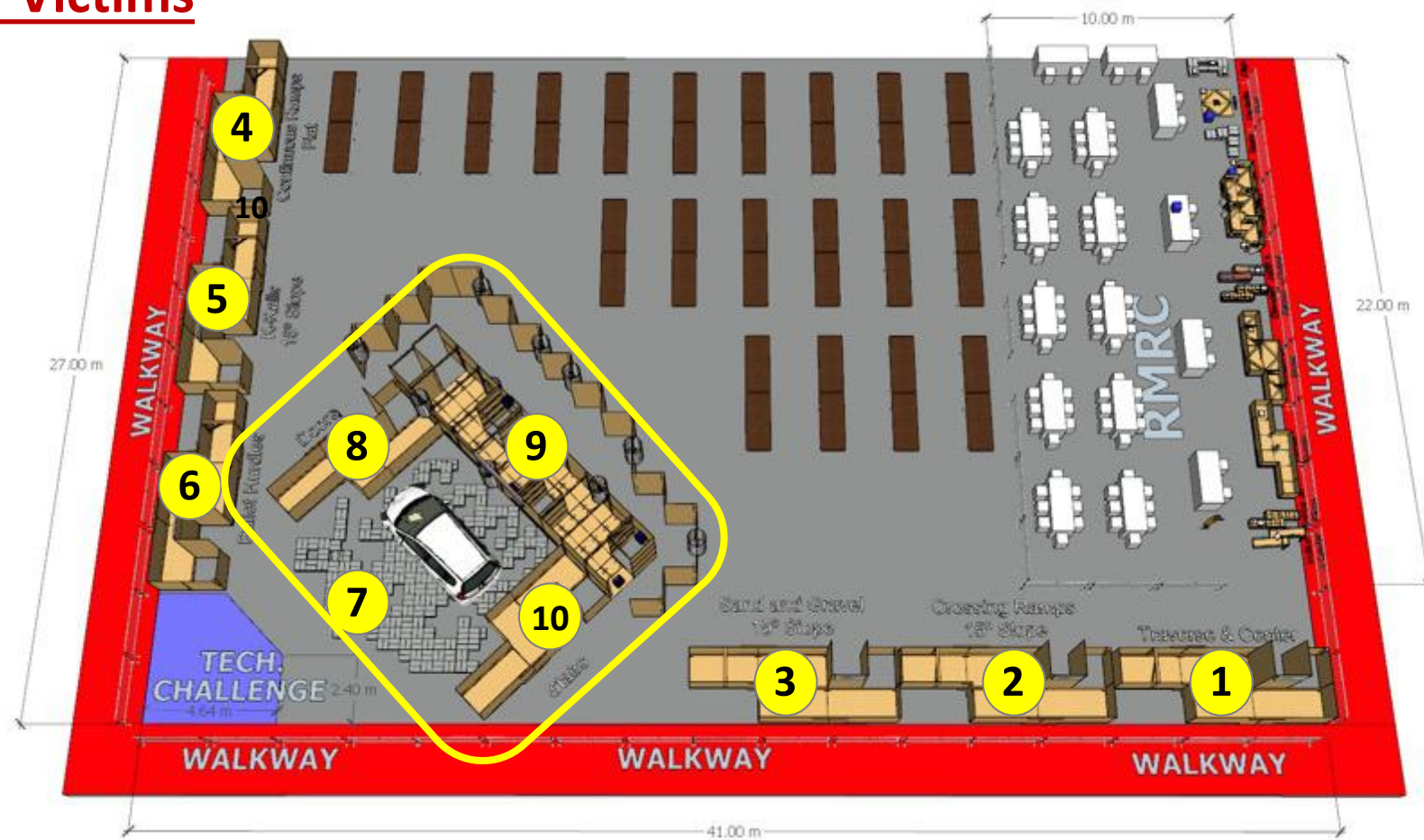


Semis: 3 Concurrent Sequences (Enter and Exit Through the Same Doors)

## Search a Dwelling and Vehicle for Victims

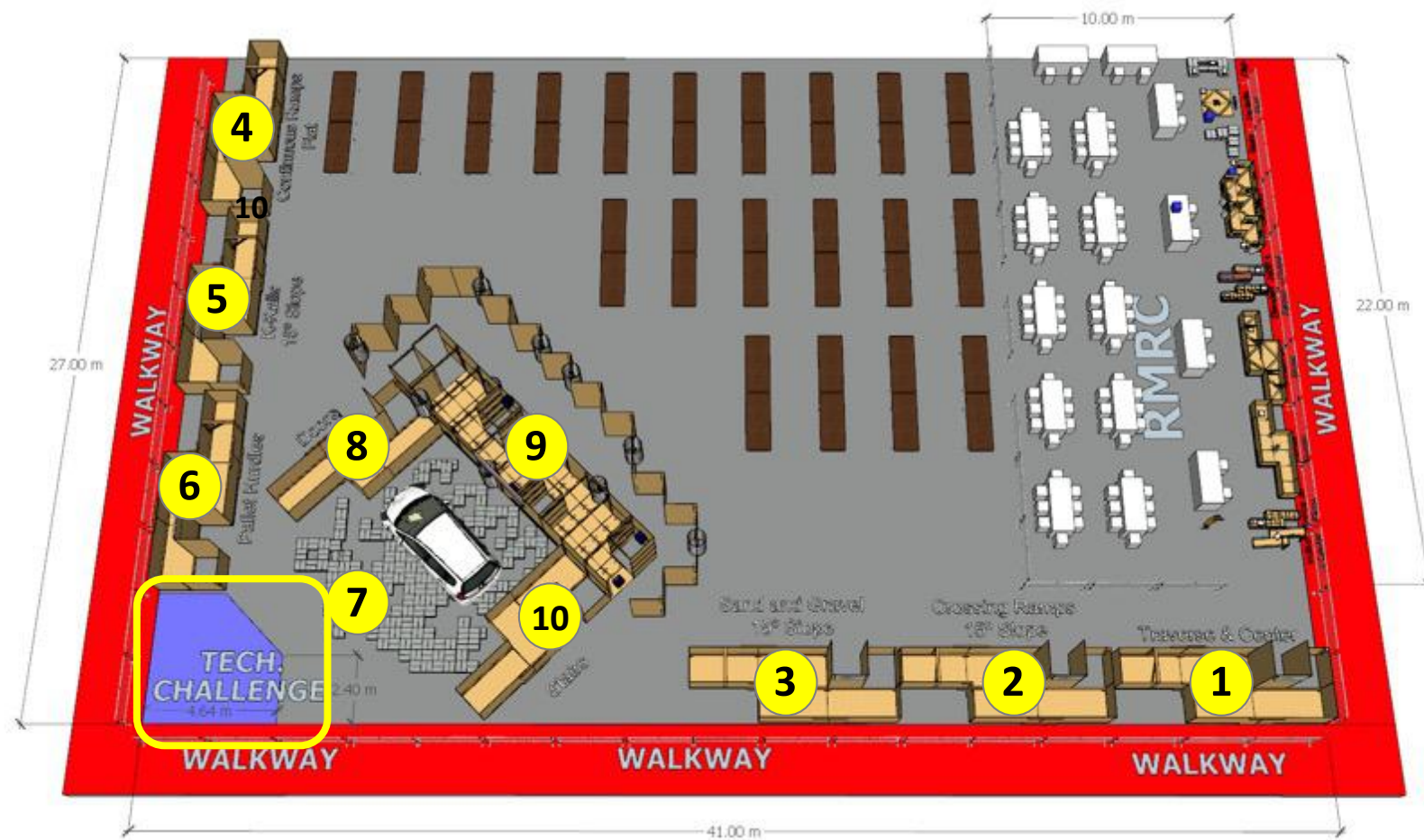
Sequence Lanes 7-8-9-10 (in any order):

- Exploration: Avoid Holes
- Obstacles: Doors
- Exploration: Labyrinth
- Obstacles: Stairs



Semis: 3 Concurrent Sequences (Enter and Exit Through the Same Doors)

## Tech Challenge Area (Optional)

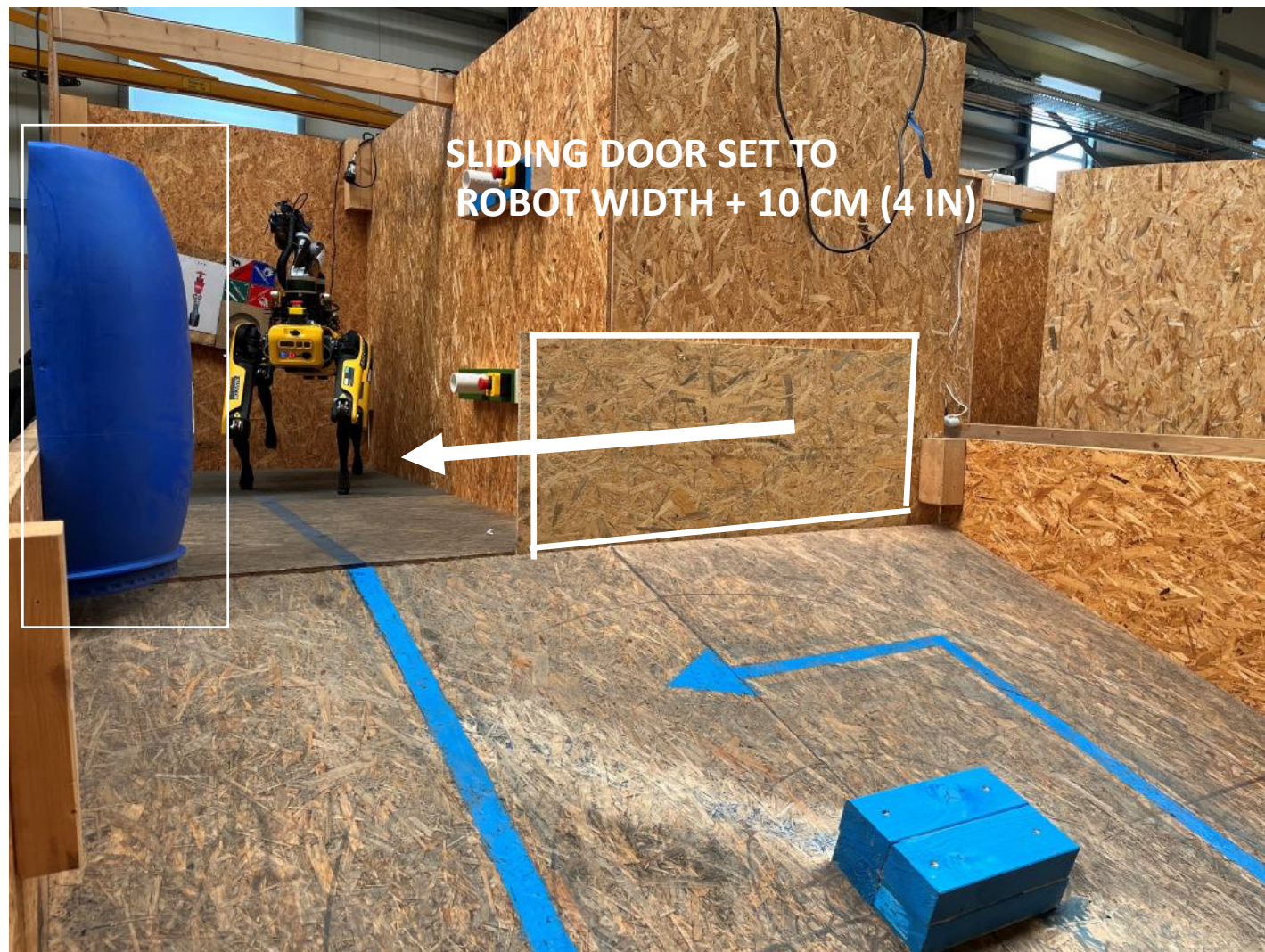




# 10 Test Lanes

## Obstacle: Traverse & Center (COMMS)

- Doorways at top and bottom of 15 degree slope set to  
ROBOT WIDTH + 10cm (4in)
- Mapping fiducial or post prevents riding the wall.
- Optional center task is to be avoided, could be dexterity location.



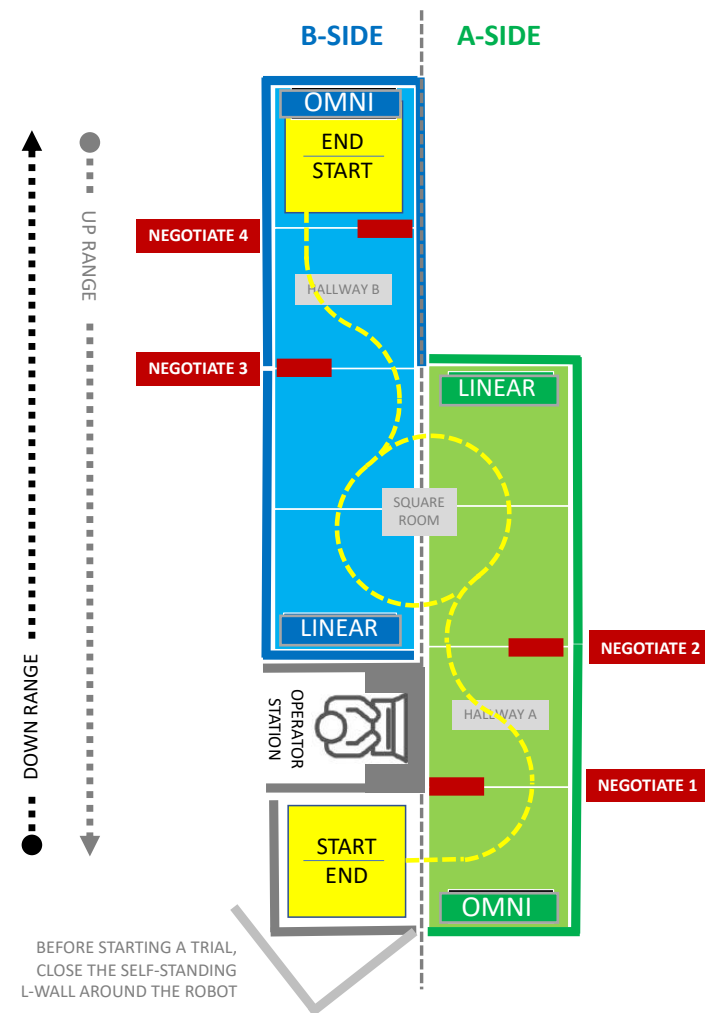


## Terrain: Crossing Ramps (15Deg Slopes)





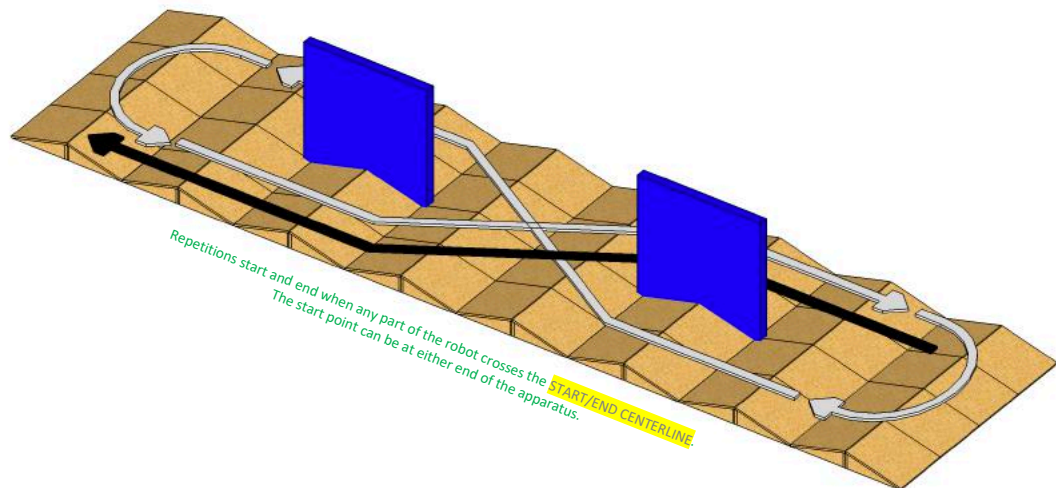
## Terrain: Sand and Gravel (NEGOTIATE)



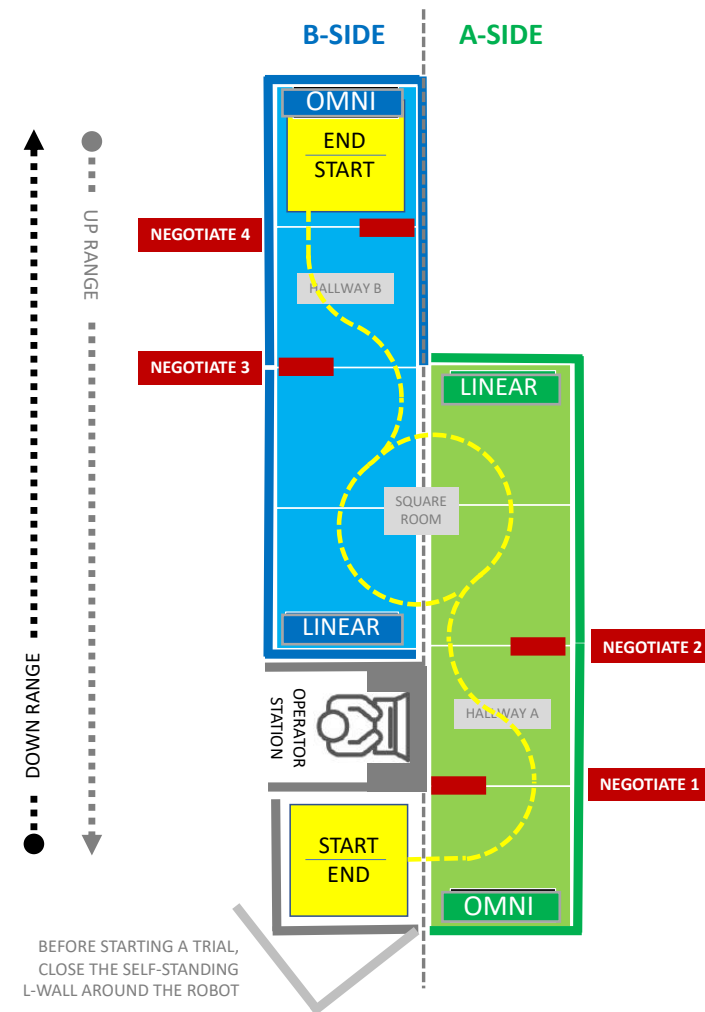


## Terrain: Continuous Ramps (COMMS, NEGOTIATE)

15 DEGREE CONTINUOUS RAMPS  
IN FLAT CONFIGURAITON

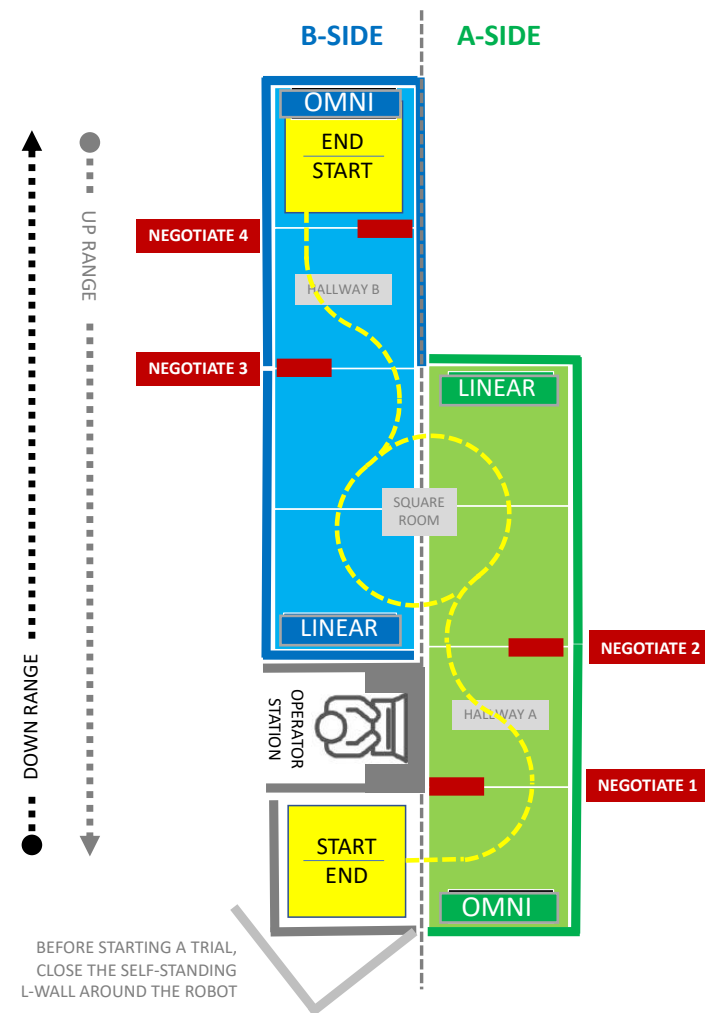
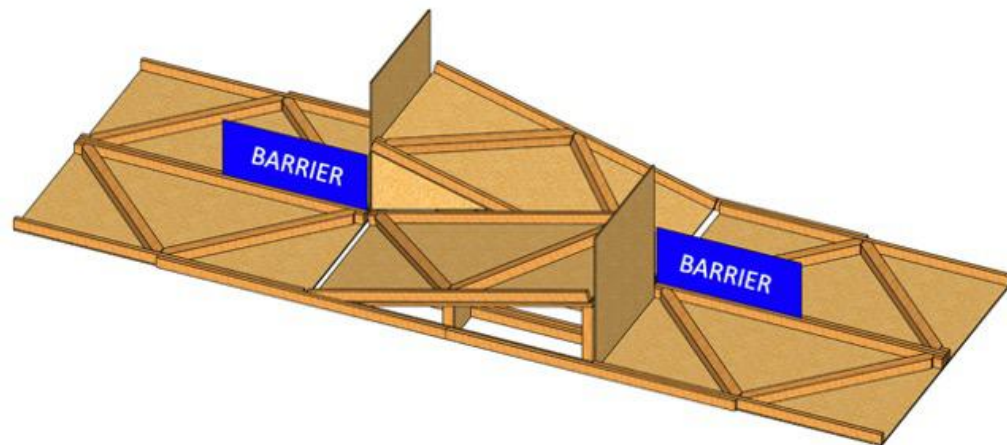


OPTION:  
15 DEGREE CONTINUOUS RAMPS  
ON 15 DEGREE SLOPES  
(SO 30 DEGREES IN PLACES)





## Terrain: K-Rails (NEGOTIATE)

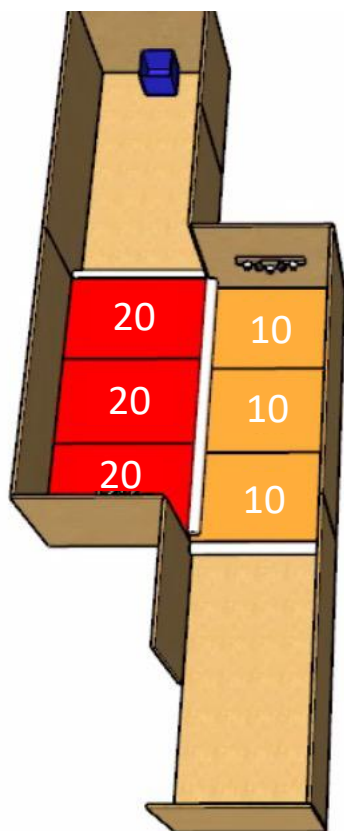




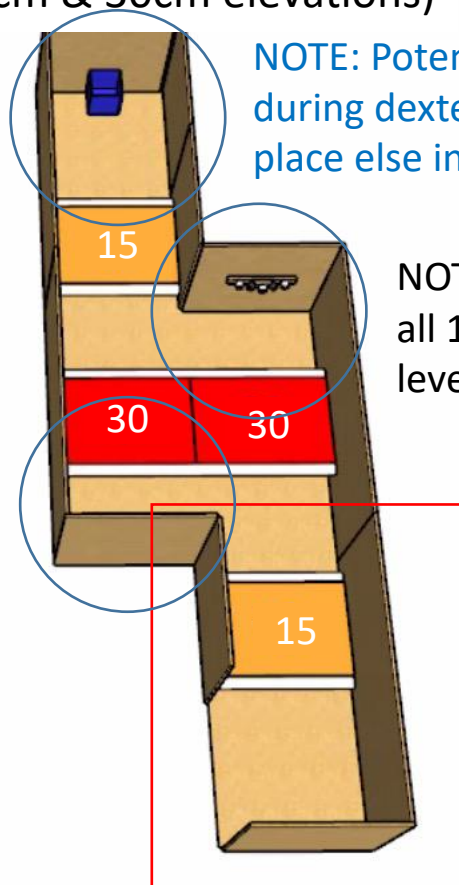
## Obstacle: Pallet Hurdles with Pipes

European pallets appear extra thick (14.4cm) so maybe it is time for hurdles to increase their difficulty from 10cm and 20cm steps.

**2022 Lane Design**  
(10cm & 20cm elevations)



**2023 Lane Design**  
(15cm & 30cm elevations)



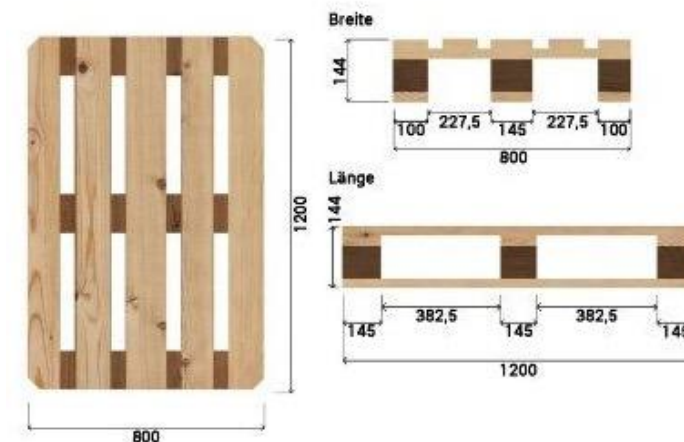
NOTE: Potential “Down Dog” positions during dexterity tasks, which happens no place else in RoboCupRescue

NOTE: We can start PRELIMS with all 15cm elevations. Then add a level for SEMIS.

NOTE: Front hallway basically conforms to the standard test method. Easy for everybody to fabricate and practice coordinated flipper control as an elemental test at incremental elevations.

### TYPICAL PALLETS IN EUROPE 120M X 80CM

Europaletten - Alle Abmessungen in mm



PIPES CAN SIT ON TOP OF HORIZONTAL POSTS SHIMMED WITH OSB LAYERS TO GET BE COINCIDENT WITH TOP ELEVATIONS.

## Obstacle: Stairs (35/40/45 Deg, 2/4 Debris)

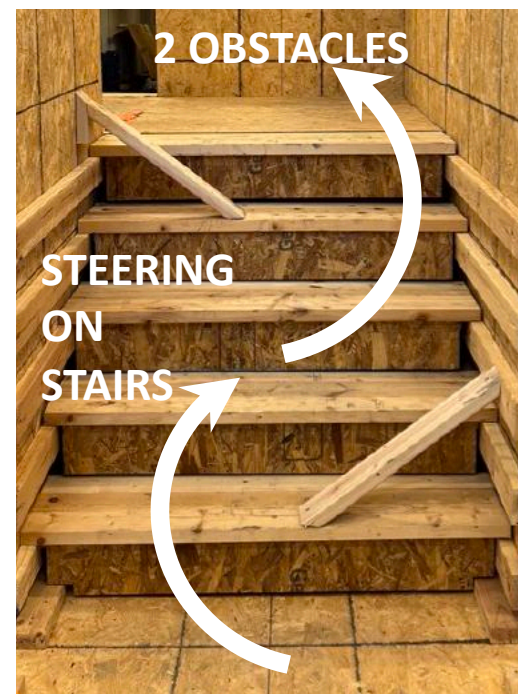
- Upper landing is now CONFINED at 1.2m x 2.4m (4ft x 8ft)
- Starts with no DEBRIS in Preliminaries and adds more difficulty in Semis and Finals
- Needs a belay over the top for robot safety on more difficult settings



SLIDING STAIR TREADS  
SPACED VERTICALLY  
20CM (8IN)

UPPER LANDING  
IS A "HALLWAY"  
1.2 x 2.4 M  
(4 x 8 FT)

WATER TRAY  
IS NOT USED





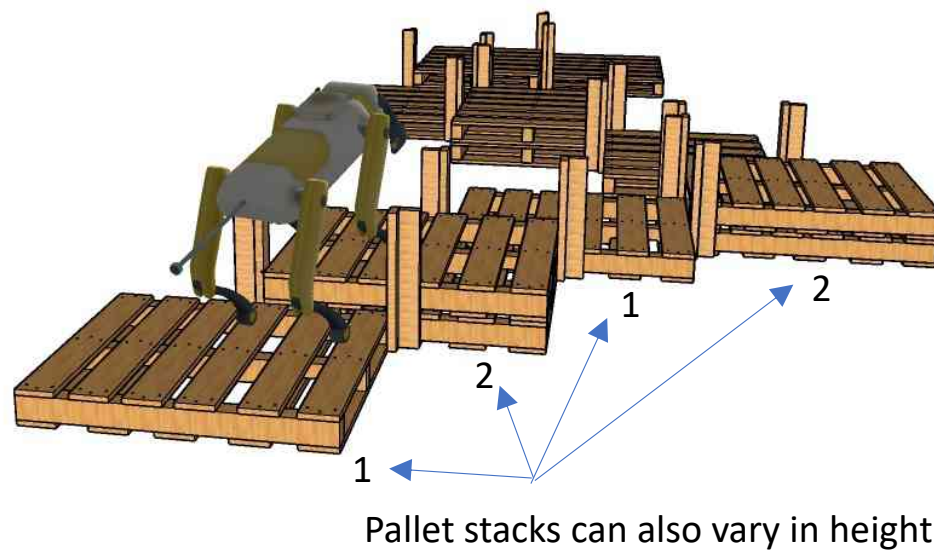
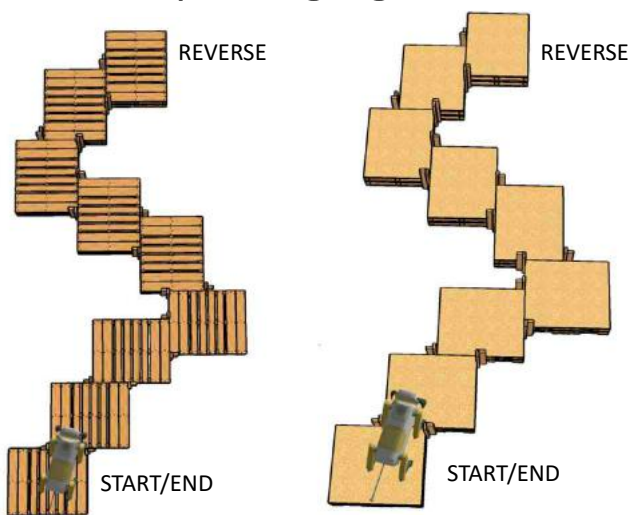
## Obstacle: Doors (Push/Pull)

- BOTH sides any door can be contained with "L walls" to adjust the approach paths
  - "ROOM" is 2.4m (8ft) square, which is easier in the Prelims
  - "HALLWAY" is 1.2m (4ft) x 2.4m (8ft), which is harder in the Semis and Finals
- Reverse the direction for PUSH vs PULL tasks

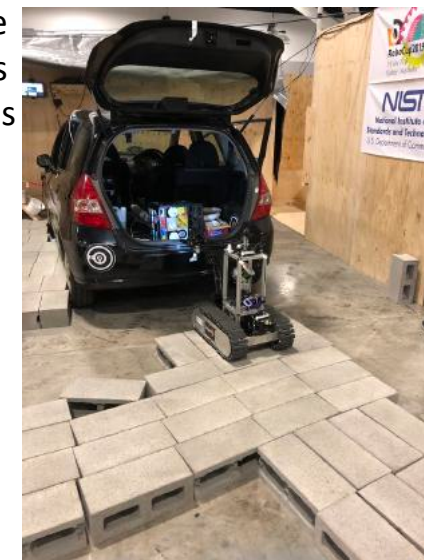


## Exploration: Avoid Holes

- Autonomous and teleop robots must avoid negative/positive obstacles while exploring and mapping the exterior of the Labyrinth and surrounding scene. **Falling off the driving surface is a reset (2 min. penalty).**
- Autonomous robot operators may give a rough estimate of the end goal location relative to the start. Successful autonomous traverses get the 4x multiplier on the Mapping score.
- Mapping score from 0-10 minutes (traverse – score – clear the map – repeat). Dexterity tasks are available to score from 10-20 minutes.
- Self standing fiducials and shared fiducials with the interior of the Labyrinth (different test), can facilitate map merging.



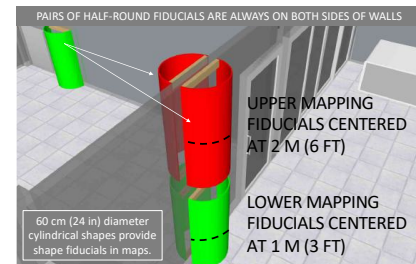
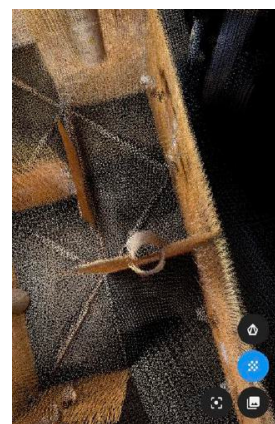
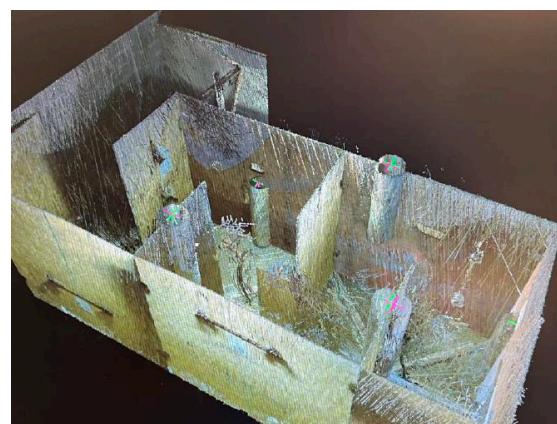
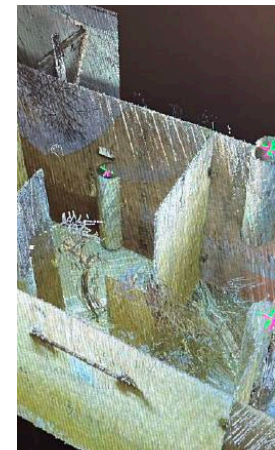
Blocks make  
amorphous  
surface areas





## Exploration: Labyrinth/Maze

- Autonomous and teleoperative robots must explore and map the interior of the Labyrinth like a dwelling (can merge with Avoid Holes map).
- Autonomous robot operators may give a rough estimate of the end goal location relative to the start. Successful autonomous traverses get the 4x multiplier on the Mapping score.
- Mapping score from 0-10 minutes (traverse – score – clear the map – repeat).
- Dexterity tasks are available to score from 10-20 minutes.
- Lighting will be dim for object recognition and dexterity – bring remotely adjustable lighting.

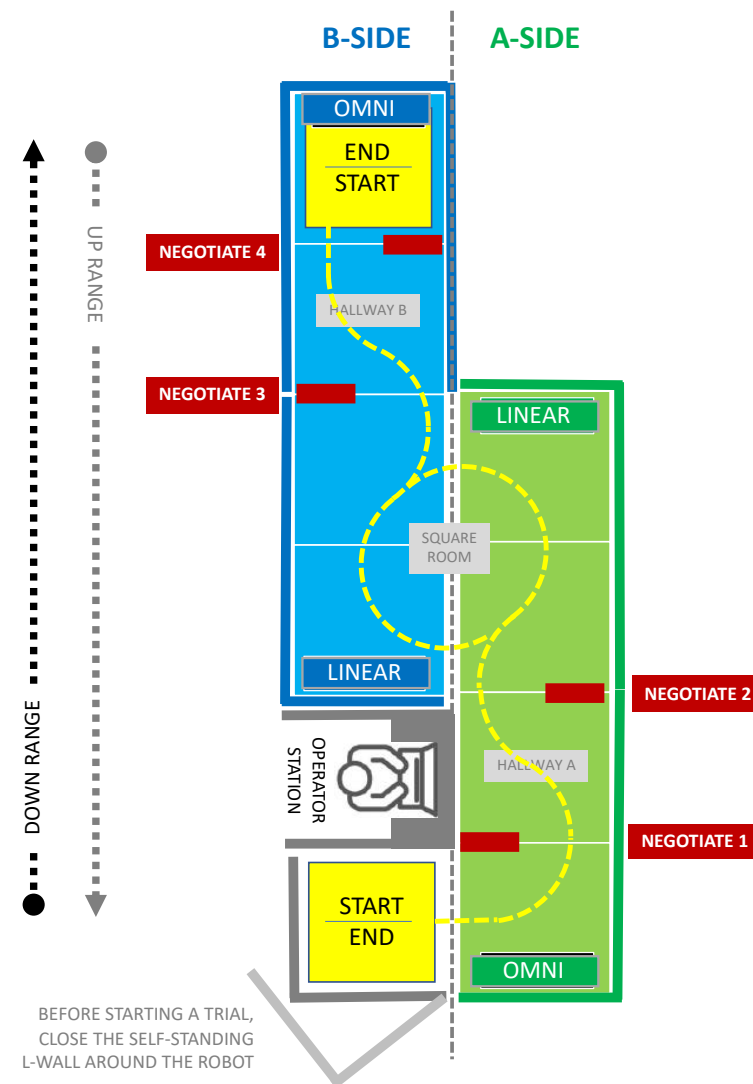


# Scoring Mobility

(During 0-10 Minutes of Trial)



- Mobility scoring is based on driving continuous **end-to-end traverses** in the lane. The robot must **start** and **end** completely within the squares.
- Driving teleoperatively **scores 1 point** for completion in each direction.
- Driving autonomously (hands off the interface) **scores 4 points** for successful completion in each direction. The remote operator may take over control at any time to finish a traverse teleoperatively for 1 point and try again autonomously on the next repetition. Teleoperation is allowed in both end zones to set waypoints, evaluate maps, etc.
- *Single Lane Missions* perform up to **10 end-to-end traverses** in the first 10 minutes of the trial. If finished early, use the elapsed time as a measure of efficiency. Wait for the Dexterity time to start.
- *Multiple Lane Missions* perform a **sequence of end-to-end traverses** in each lane by entering and exiting from the same doorway. Teams may choose the order of lanes based on risk, but may need to drive further to complete all. No repeated lanes are allowed until all lanes are completed.





# Scoring Mobility (During 0-10 Minutes)

Proctors Circle the Scored Points as They Happen



Version: 2023G

**MOBILITY:** Drive TELEOPERATIVELY or AUTONOMOUSLY (no hands on interface) end-to-end in the lane.

CIRCLE A SINGLE LANE IN THE LIST ABOVE OR WRITE SEQUENCE OF LANES IN ORDER		TELEOP	COMMS x2	AUTO x4	NEGOTIATE			
					1	2	3	4
1		1	2	4	N	N	N	N
2	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
3		1	2	4	N	N	N	N
4	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
5		1	2	4	N	N	N	N
6	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
7		1	2	4	N	N	N	N
8	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
9		1	2	4	N	N	N	N
10	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N

ELAPSED TIME

MM : SS

TELEOP

POINTS

AUTO

POINTS





# Scoring Mobility (During 0-10 Minutes)

Proctors Circle the Scored Points as They Happen



Version: 2023G

## Example: Teleoperative Robot in Single Lane Mission

**MOBILITY:** Drive TELEOPERATIVELY or AUTONOMOUSLY (no hands on interface) end-to-end in the lane.

CIRCLE A SINGLE LANE IN THE LIST ABOVE OR WRITE SEQUENCE OF LANES IN ORDER		TELEOP	COMMS x2	AUTO x4	NEGOTIATE			
					1	2	3	4
1	Continuous Ramps	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
2	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
3	Continuous Ramps	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
4	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
5	Continuous Ramps	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
6	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
7	Continuous Ramps	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
8	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
9	Continuous Ramps	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
10	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N

ELAPSED TIME

9:35

MM : SS

TELEOP

23

POINTS

AUTO

POINTS



# Scoring Mobility (During 0-10 Minutes)

Proctors Circle the Scored Points as They Happen



Version: 2023G

## Example: Autonomous Robot in Single Lane Mission

**MOBILITY:** Drive TELEOPERATIVELY or AUTONOMOUSLY (no hands on interface) end-to-end in the lane.

CIRCLE A SINGLE LANE IN THE LIST ABOVE OR WRITE SEQUENCE OF LANES IN ORDER		TELEOP	COMMS x2	AUTO x4	NEGOTIATE			
					1	2	3	4
1	Continuous Ramps	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
2	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
3	Continuous Ramps	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
4	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
5	Continuous Ramps	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
6	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
7	Continuous Ramps	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
8	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
9	Continuous Ramps	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
10	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N

ELAPSED TIME

9:35

MM : SS

TELEOP

4

POINTS

AUTO

32

POINTS





# Scoring Mobility (During 0-10 Minutes)

Proctors Circle the Scored Points as They Happen



Version: 2023G

## Example: Autonomous Robot in Multiple Lane Mission

**MOBILITY:** Drive TELEOPERATIVELY or AUTONOMOUSLY (no hands on interface) end-to-end in the lane.

CIRCLE A SINGLE LANE IN THE LIST ABOVE OR WRITE SEQUENCE OF LANES IN ORDER		TELEOP	COMMS x2	AUTO x4	NEGOTIATE			
					1	2	3	4
1	Continuous Ramps	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
2	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
3	K-Rails	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
4	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
5	Pallets and Pipes	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
6	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
7	Pallets and Pipes	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
8	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
9	Continuous Ramps	1	2	4	N	N	N	N
10	RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N

ELAPSED TIME

10:00

MM : SS

TELEOP

10

POINTS

AUTO

12

POINTS

SKIPPED K-RAILS TO FINISH 5 LANES.  
DROVE PAST IT TO GET TO CONTINUOUS RAMPS.

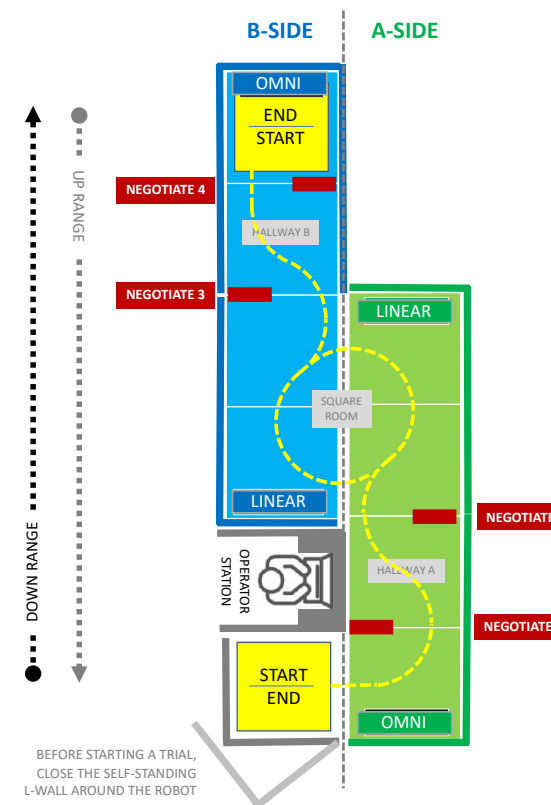
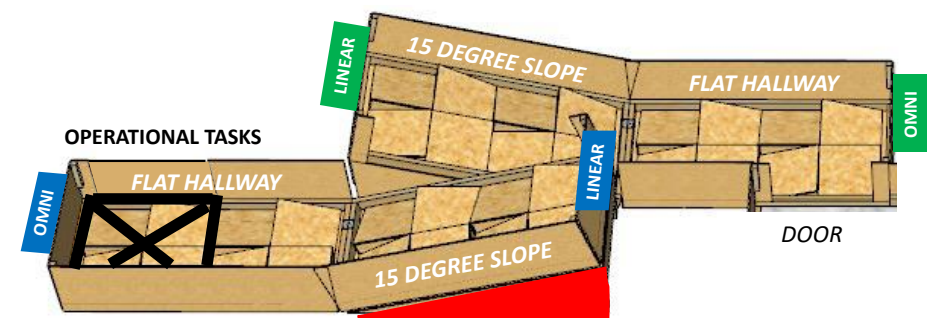
TIME ELAPSED - DID NOT FINISH  
STRIKE THROUGH LINE

# Embedded Dexterity Tests

(During 10-20 Minutes of Trial)



- The dexterity tasks inside each zig-zag lane are intended to encourage multi-joint manipulators with coordinated control to compensate for unknown chassis orientations and difficulties of repositioning on difficult terrains.
- After completing the designated Mobility repetitions or when Mobility time expires, perform the Dexterity tasks starting anywhere and in any order. No repeated tasks are allowed.
- Linear tasks encourage straight line gripper/tool paths and reach.
- Omni tasks encourage dexterous gripper/tool orientations. OMNI tasks are harder so score double compared to similar LINEAR tasks.
- No additional multiplier for autonomous driving because it is interrupted by the dexterity tasks.
- Operational tasks are all OMNIS and involve friction, force, or more precision so score even more, but are not available until the Finals.



## Sensor Crate (White) Prelims/Semis/Finals

- Visual, Proximity, Hazmat, Motion, Thermal

## Inspect Tasks (Green) Prelims/Semis/Finals

- Linear – 1 point each
- Omni – 2 point each

## Touch Tasks (Blue) – Prelims Only (easier, use your own tool)

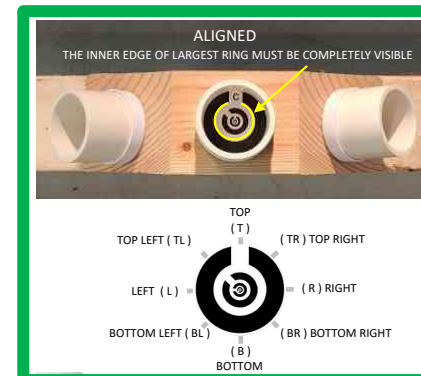
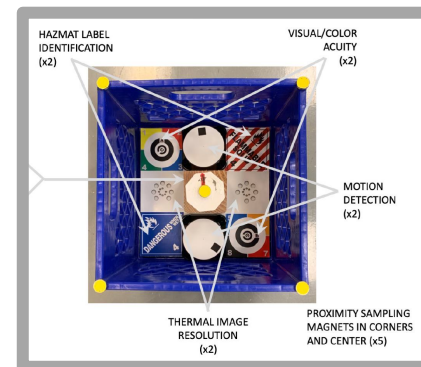
- Linear – 2 point each
- Omni – 4 point each

## Insert Tasks (Blue) - Semis (add the grasp shaft tool in center)

- Linear – 3 point each
- Omni – 6 point each

## Operational Tasks (Black) – Finals only due to force & friction

- Omni – 10 point each





## VICTIM CRATE

Available in All Rounds

LIGHTED CRATES



VARIABLE LIGHTING IS ESSENTIAL TO  
NOT WASH OUT YOUR CAMERA IMAGE

DARK CRATES



15cm (6in)  
Diameter Hole

HAZMAT LABEL  
IDENTIFICATION

VISUAL/COLOR  
ACUITY



AUDIO ACUITY (2-WAY)  
SPEAKER PLAYING  
ALPHA-NUMERIC  
SEQUENCE TO  
REMOTELY IDENTIFY

MOTION  
DETECTION

THERMAL IMAGE  
RESOLUTION

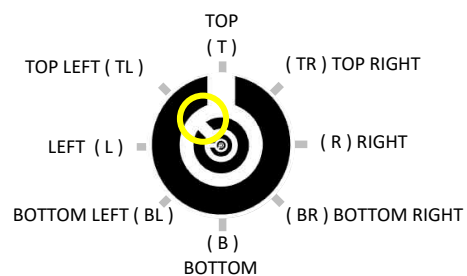
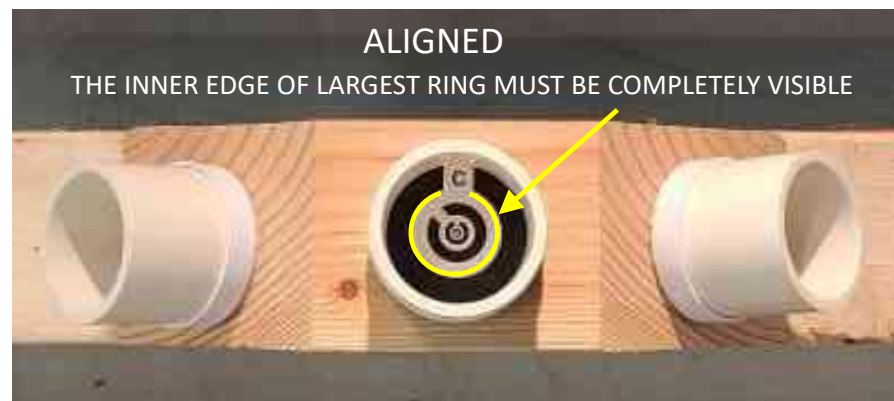
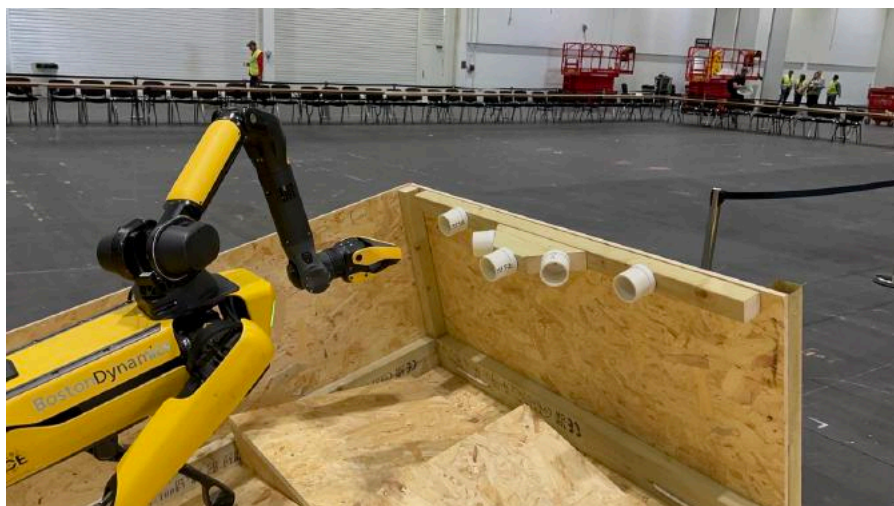
PROXIMITY SAMPLING  
MAGNETS IN CORNERS  
AND CENTER WITHIN 1CM (1/2 IN)



## INSPECT (Green)

Available in All Rounds

LINEAR – 1 point for each alignment



50 mm (2 in) inside diameter PVC Pipe  
<https://www.amazon.com/PVC-Pipe-Sch-Inch-White/dp/B072Q9M54Z/>

MUST IDENTIFY  
**2 (of 5)**  
 CONCENTRIC CS  
 TO SCORE POINTS

TOP LEFT GAP  
 (As Shown)

OMNI – 2 points for each alignment

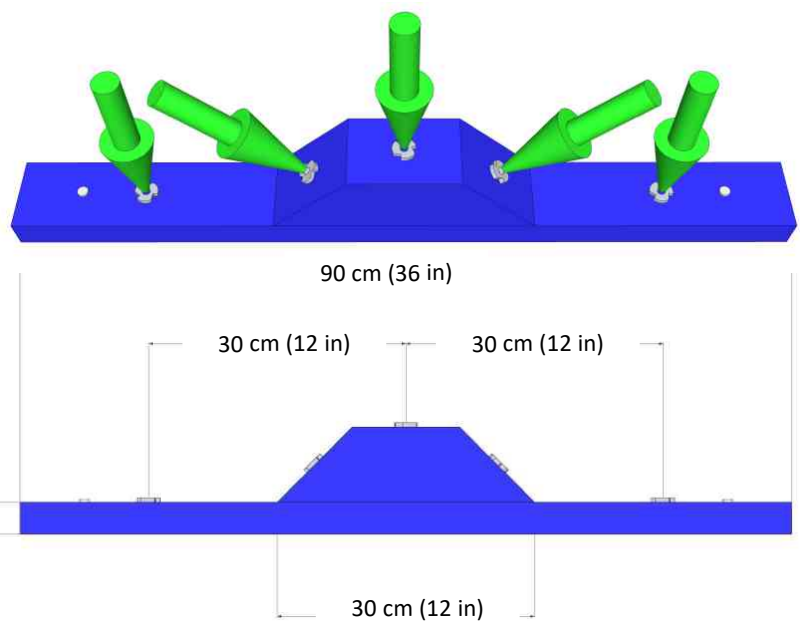




## TOUCH (Blue)

Sustained Contact of Tool to Hole in T-Nut  
Easier – So only Available in Preliminaries as a Baseline

LINEAR – 2 point for each TOUCH



T-Nuts 8 mm (5/16 in) threaded

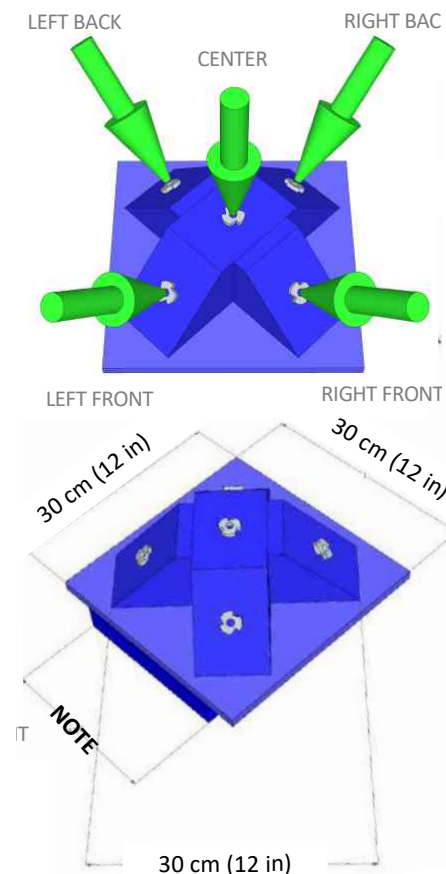
<https://www.amazon.com/gp/product/B06XCK35C1/>



Small Round Abrasive Flap Wheel Sanders  
Grasp Object: 25 mm (1 in) diam high friction cylinder  
Shaft: 6 mm (¼ in) diameter, at least 25 mm (1 in) long

<https://www.amazon.com/dp/B077R09Y13/>

OMNI – 4 points for each TOUCH

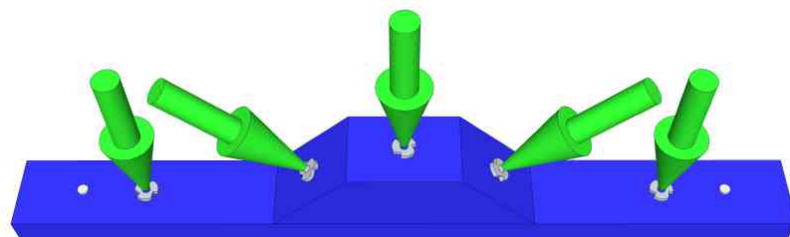


## INSERT (Blue)

Penetration of Tool into T-Nut at Least 25mm (1in)

Harder – So only Available in Semis and Finals

LINEAR – 3 point for each INSERT



90 cm (36 in)

30 cm (12 in)

30 cm (12 in)

5 x 10 x 90 cm  
(2 x 4 x 36 in)  
LUMBER

30 cm (12 in)



T-Nuts 8 mm (5/16 in) threaded

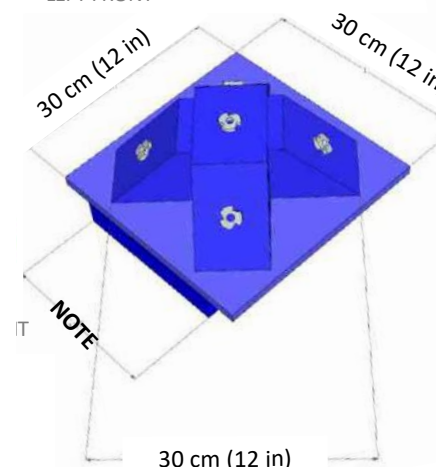
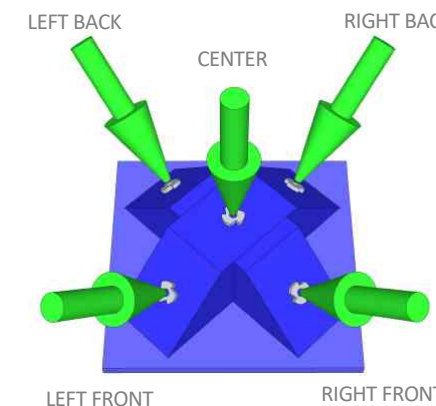
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Small Round Abrasive Flap Wheel Sanders  
Grasp Object: 25 mm (1 in) diam high friction cylinder  
Shaft: 6 mm (¼ in) diameter, at least 25 mm (1 in) long

<https://www.amazon.com/dp/B077R09Y13/>

OMNI – 6 points for each INSERT





## OPERATIONAL TASKS (Black)

Harder due to Force, Friction, Precisions  
So only Available in Finals

OMNI ONLY  
10 points for each task



OMNI ONLY  
10 points for each task



OMNI ONLY  
10 points for each task





# Scoring Dexterity (During 10-20 Minutes)

Proctors Circle the Scored Points as They Happen



Version: 2023G

**DEXTERITY:** Perform the available SETS OF TASKS starting anywhere and in any order. No repeated tasks.

SENSOR TASKS		VISUAL	PROXIMITY	MOTION	HAZMAT	THERMAL
VICTIM CRATE	(ALWAYS)	1	2	3	4	5

LINEAR TASKS		L 90°	L 45°	CENTER	R 45°	R 90°
INSPECT	(ALWAYS)	1	1	1	1	1
TOUCH	(PRELIMS)	2	2	2	2	2
INSERT	(SEMIS, FINALS)	3	3	3	3	3

OMNI TASKS		L BOT	L TOP	CENTER	R TOP	R BOT
INSPECT	(ALWAYS)	2	2	2	2	2
TOUCH	(PRELIMS)	4	4	4	4	4
INSERT	(SEMIS, FINALS)	6	6	6	6	6
PUSH E-STOP	(FINALS)	10	10	10	10	10
CLOSE VALVES	(FINALS)	10	10	10	10	10
INSERT KEYS	(FINALS)	10	10	10	10	10

DEXTERITY

TOTAL POINTS

ELAPSED TIME

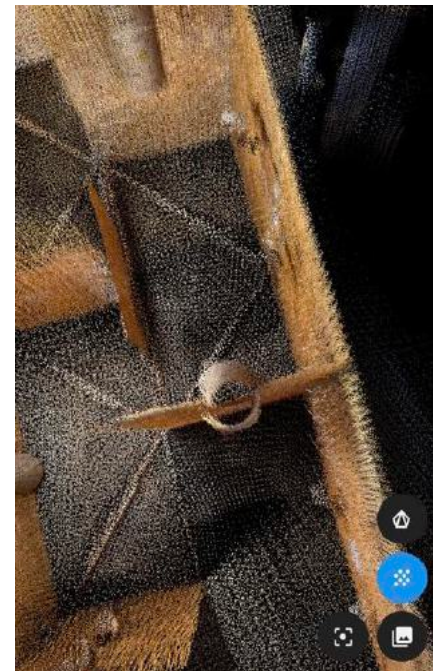
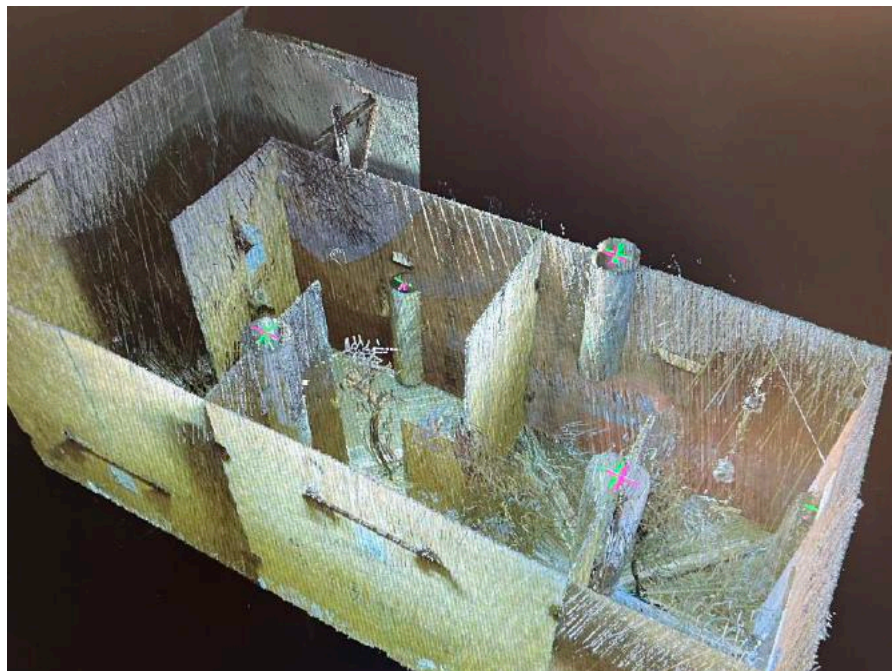
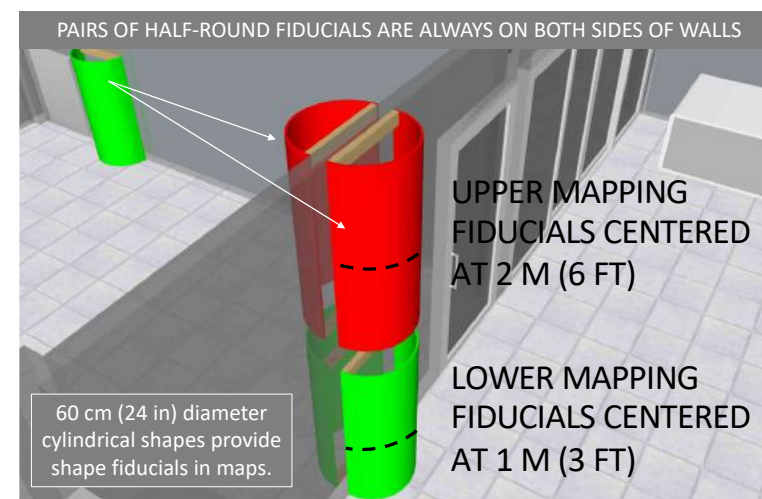
MM : SS





# Mapping Tests

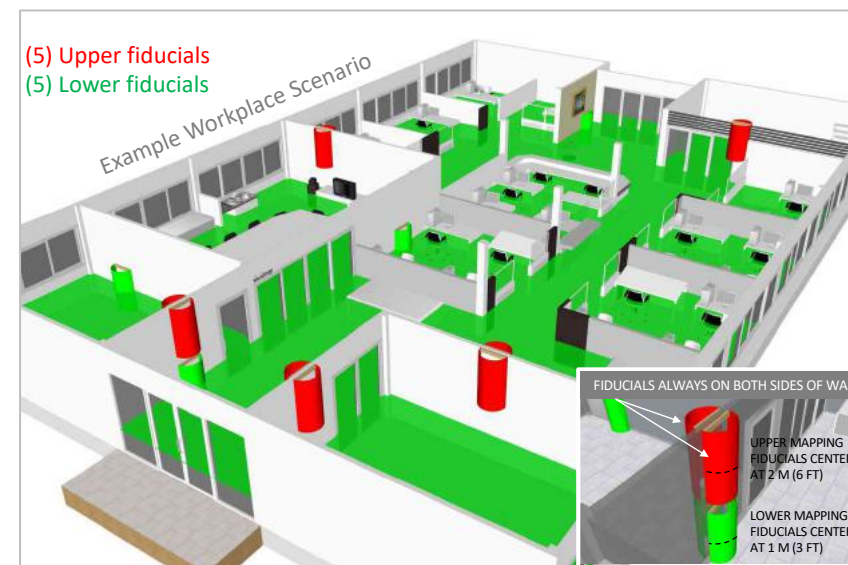
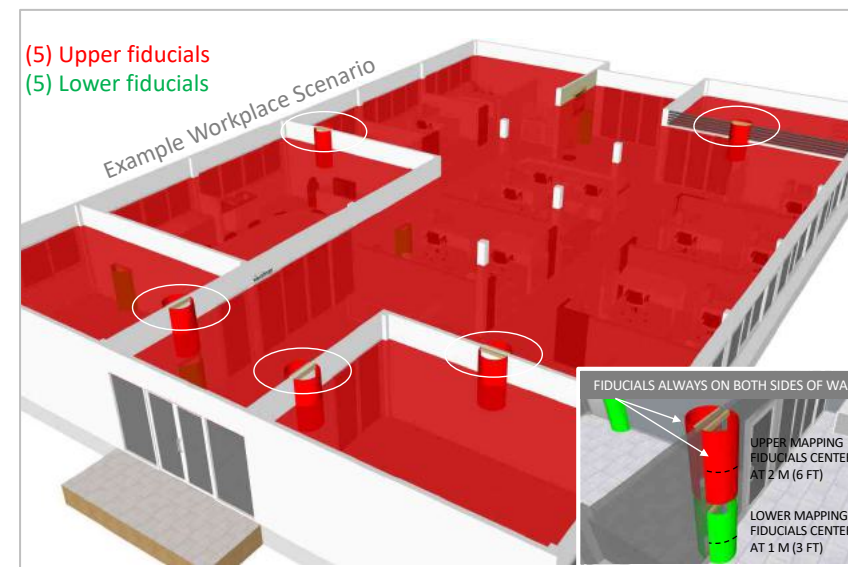
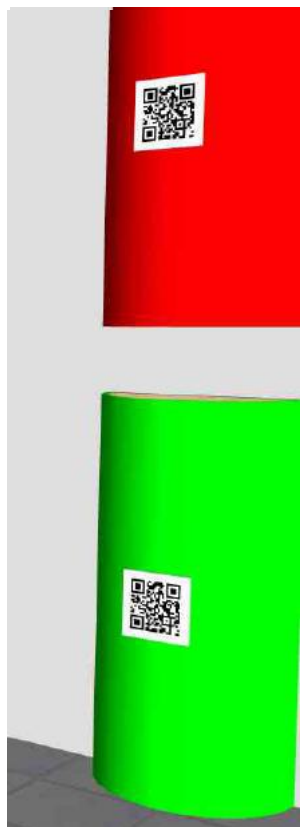
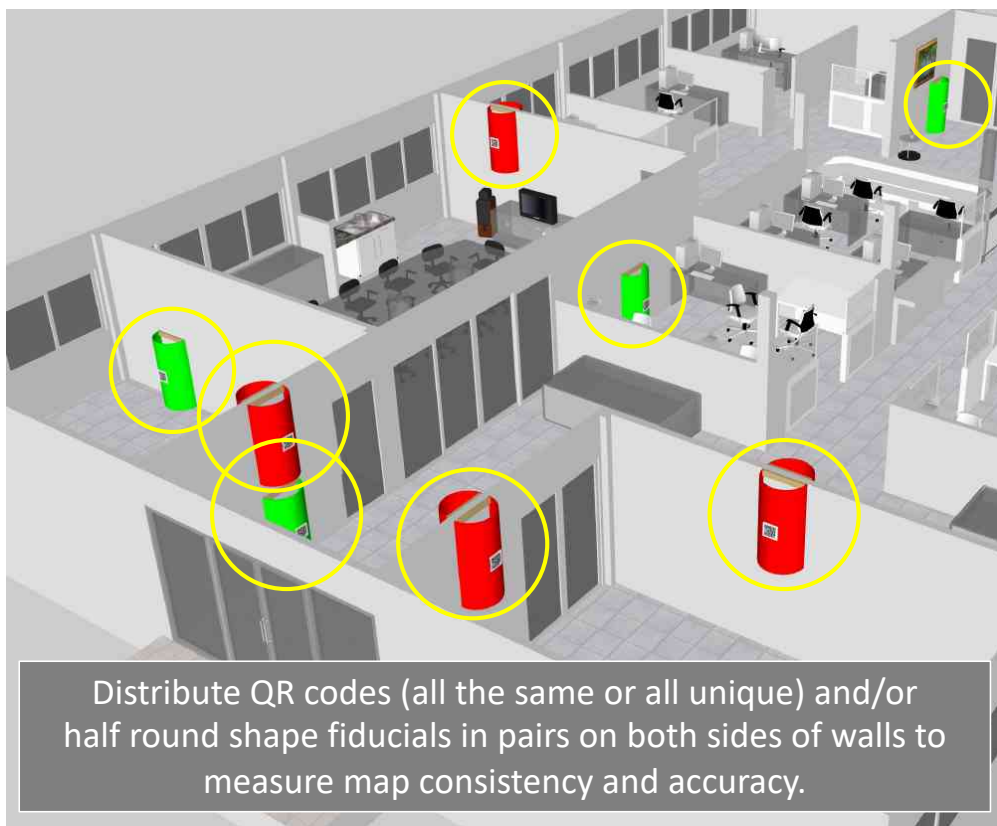
## Labyrinth and Maze





Generate 2-D Maps at **1m (3ft)** and **2m (6ft)** to be Evaluated

Find and Identify the QR codes and other objects of interest and mark their location on the map.



# Scoring Mapping (During 0-10 Minutes)

Proctors Circle the Scored Points as They Happen

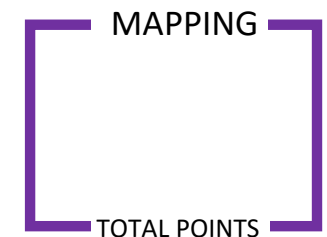


Version: 2023G

- Exploration/Mapping tasks are scored based on the accuracy and quality of the maps produced within a single lane or sequence of lanes.
- If using 3D scanners, produce two maps at two different elevations:
  - low is 1m (3ft) and
  - high is 2m (6ft).
- The scored features are split between both map elevations. They include half-round mapping fiducials, QR codes as search gaze tasks, and other objects of interest to identify from a known set.

**MAPPING:** Display 3-D scanned walls and features on TWO DIFFERENT 2-D MAPS at elevations of 1m (3ft) and 2m (6ft).

QUALITY AND ACCURACY	MAP SET 1	MAP SET 2	MAP SET 3	MAP SET 4
FIDUCIALS (COVERAGE)	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5
QR CODES (SEARCH GAZE)	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5
OBJECTS (LEXICON)	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5





# Scoring Single or Multi-Lane Missions



# Scoring Single or Multi-Lane Missions

Proctors Fill In the Header and Circle Scored Points as They Happen




Version: 2023G


ROUND	DATE	COUNTRY	TEAM / ROBOT	PROCTOR: FULL NAME (COUNTRY)
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**CIRCLE SUCCESSFUL TASKS AND STRIKE THROUGH UNFINISHED OR PENALIZED TASKS. USE A NEW FORM FOR ROBOT RESETS.**

TERRAINS (TER)	OBSTACLES (OBS)	EXPLORATION (EXP)
<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <b>COMMS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Crossing Ramps	<input type="checkbox"/> K-Rails <b>NEGOTIATE</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Sand/Gravel <b>NEGOTIATE</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Traverse/Center <b>COMMS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Hurdles with Pipes
<input type="checkbox"/> Stairs	<input type="checkbox"/> Doors	<input type="checkbox"/> Avoid Holes (Auto) <input type="checkbox"/> Labyrinth (Mapping)



## Single Lane or Multi Lane Mission Form



ROUND	DATE	COUNTRY	TEAM / ROBOT	PROCTOR: FULL NAME (COUNTRY)
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**CIRCLE SUCCESSFUL TASKS AND STRIKE THROUGH UNFINISHED OR PENALIZED TASKS. USE A NEW FORM FOR ROBOT RESETS.**

TERRAINS (TER)	OBSTACLES (OBS)	EXPLORATION (EXP)
<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <b>COMMS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Crossing Ramps	<input type="checkbox"/> K-Rails <b>NEGOTIATE</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Sand/Gravel <b>NEGOTIATE</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Traverse/Center <b>COMMS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Hurdles with Pipes
<input type="checkbox"/> Stairs	<input type="checkbox"/> Doors	<input type="checkbox"/> Avoid Holes (Auto) <input type="checkbox"/> Labyrinth (Mapping)

**MOBILITY:** Drive TELEOPERATIVELY or AUTONOMOUSLY (no hands on interface) end-to-end in the lane.

CIRCLE A SINGLE LANE IN THE LIST ABOVE OR WRITE SEQUENCE OF LANES IN ORDER	TELEOP	<b>COMMS</b> x2	AUTO x4	<b>NEGOTIATE</b> 1 2 3 4
1	1	2	4	N N N N
2 RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N N N N
3	1	2	4	N N N N
4 RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N N N N
5	1	2	4	N N N N
6 RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N N N N
7	1	2	4	N N N N
8 RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N N N N
9	1	2	4	N N N N
10 RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N N N N

TOTAL POINTS

ELAPSED TIME

MM : SS

NEGOTIATE

TOTAL Ns

**DEXTERITY:** Perform the available SETS OF TASKS starting anywhere and in any order. No repeated tasks.

SENSOR TASKS	VISUAL	PROXIMITY	MOTION	HAZMAT	THERMAL
VICTIM CRATE (ALWAYS)	1	2	3	4	5

LINEAR TASKS	L 90°	L 45°	CENTER	R 45°	R 90°
INSPECT (ALWAYS)	1	1	1	1	1
TOUCH (PRELIMS)	2	2	2	2	2
INSERT (SEMIS, FINALS)	3	3	3	3	3

OMNI TASKS	L BOT	L TOP	CENTER	R TOP	R BOT
INSPECT (ALWAYS)	2	2	2	2	2
TOUCH (PRELIMS)	4	4	4	4	4
INSERT (SEMIS, FINALS)	6	6	6	6	6
PUSH E-STOPS (FINALS)	10	10	10	10	10
CLOSE VALVES (FINALS)	10	10	10	10	10
INSERT KEYS (FINALS)	10	10	10	10	10

TOTAL POINTS

ELAPSED TIME

MM : SS

**MAPPING:** Display 3-D scanned walls and features on TWO DIFFERENT 2-D MAPS at elevations of 1m (3ft) and 2m (6ft).

QUALITY AND ACCURACY	MAP SET 1	MAP SET 2	MAP SET 3	MAP SET 4
FIDUCIALS (COVERAGE)	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5
QR CODES (SEARCH GAZE)	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5
OBJECTS (LEXICON)	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5

TOTAL POINTS





# Scoring Single Lane Missions

Proctors Fill In the Header and Circle Scored Points as They Happen



Version: 2023G

## Single Lane Missions

Prelims (30 minute rotations, 20 minute trials)

- There are 10 concurrent lanes with operator stations.
- Each test lane is conducted individually to capture up to 10 repetitions from end-to-end to refine their systems and tactics for the challenges in each test lane.
- Teams schedule their own test plan each day to balance their objectives with related risks (or the organizers make a schedule).
- Teams must try every lane in the Preliminaries but several scores can be dropped from the totals.
- Each team provides a “Proctor” to score and attest to the results of other team trials. This ensures all teams go home with experience conducting objective evaluations for their ongoing development.

Single Lane or Multi Lane Mission Form

ROUND

DATE

COUNTRY

TEAM / ROBOT

PROCTOR: FULL NAME (COUNTRY)

ion: 2023D

**CIRCLE SUCCESSFUL TASKS AND STRIKE THROUGH UNFINISHED OR PENALIZED TASKS. USE A NEW FORM FOR ROBOT RESETS.**

TERRAINS (TER)

OBSTACLES (OBS)

EXPLORATION (EXP)

☐ Continuous **COMMS** **NEGOTIATE**

☐ K-Rails **NEGOTIATE**

☐ Traverse/Center **COMMS**

☐ Stairs

☐ Avoid Holes (Auto)

☐ Crossing Ramps

☐ Sand/Gravel **NEGOTIATE**

☐ Hurdles with Pipes

☐ Doors

☐ Labyrinth (Mapping)

**MOBILITY:** Drive TELEOPERATIVELY or AUTONOMOUSLY (no hands on interface) end-to-end in the lane.

CIRCLE A SINGLE LANE IN THE LIST ABOVE OR WRITE SEQUENCE OF LANES IN ORDER

TELEOP

**COMMS** **x2**

AUTO **x4**

**NEGOTIATE**

1 2 3 4

1

2

4

N

N

N

N

2

RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT

1

2

4

N

N

N

N

3

4

RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT

1

2

4

N

N

N

N

5

6

RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT

1

2

4

N

N

N

N

7

8

RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT

1

2

4

N

N

N

N

9

10

RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT

1

2

4

N

N

N

N

10

RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT

1

2

4

N

N

N

N

MOBILITY

TOTAL POINTS

ELAPSED TIME

MM : SS

NEGOTIATE

TOTAL NO

**DEXTERITY:** Perform the available SETS OF TASKS starting anywhere and in any order. No repeated tasks.

SENSOR TASKS

VISUAL

PROXIMITY

MOTION

HAZMAT

THERMAL

VICTIM CRATE (ALWAYS)

1

2

3

4

5

LINEAR TASKS

L 90°

L 45°

CENTER

R 45°

R 90°

INSPECT (ALWAYS)

1

1

1

1

1

TOUCH (PRELIMS)

2

2

2

2

2

INSERT (SEMIS, FINALS)

3

3

3

3

3

OMNI TASKS

L BOT

L TOP

CENTER

R TOP

R BOT

INSPECT (ALWAYS)

2

2

2

2

2

TOUCH (PRELIMS)

4

4

4

4

4

INSERT (SEMIS, FINALS)

6

6

6

6

6

PUSH E-STOPS (FINALS)

10

10

10

10

10

CLOSE VALVES (FINALS)

10

10

10

10

10

INSERT KEYS (FINALS)

10

10

10

10

10

DEXTERITY

TOTAL POINTS

ELAPSED TIME

MM : SS

**MAPPING:** Display 3-D scanned walls and features on TWO DIFFERENT 2-D MAPS at elevations of 1m (3ft) and 2m (6ft).

QUALITY AND ACCURACY

MAP SET 1

MAP SET 2

MAP SET 3

MAP SET 4

FIDUCIALS (COVERAGE)

1

2

3

4

5

1

2

3

4

5

1

2

3

4

5

QR CODES (SEARCH GAZE)

1

2

3

4

5

1

2

3

4

5

1

2

3

4

5

OBJECTS (LEXICON)

1

2

3

4

5

1

2

3

4

5

1

2

3

4

5

MAPPING

TOTAL POINTS



# Scoring Multiple Lane Missions



Version: 2023G

Proctors Fill In the Header and Circle Scored Points as They Happen

## Multiple Lane Missions

Semis (30 minute rotations, 20 minute trials)

- These sequences challenge teams to optimize their systems across different capabilities.
- There are 3 concurrent lane sequences with different operational objectives.
- The lanes are conducted in any order but no repeats are allowed until all lanes are completed.

## Combined Scenario Missions

Finals Challenge the Best Robots to Their Limits

- Challenge teams like an operational deployment with various phases.
- The best few teams traverse ALL the available test lanes. Teams may choose their own order to minimize risks.
- The time limit should be set to enable the best teams to finish the set of lanes, perform one dexterity task within each, and map their path for a total score.

Single Lane or Multi Lane Mission Form

ROUND:  DATE:  COUNTRY:  TEAM / ROBOT:  PROCTOR: FULL NAME (COUNTRY)  ION: 2023D

CIRCLE SUCCESSFUL TASKS AND STRIKE THROUGH UNFINISHED OR PENALIZED TASKS. USE A NEW FORM FOR ROBOT RESETS.

TERRAINS (TER)

OBSTACLES (OBS)

EXPLORATION (EXP)

☐ Continuous **COMMS NEGOTIATE**

☐ K-Rails **NEGOTIATE**

☐ Traverse/Center **COMMS**

☐ Stairs

☐ Avoid Holes (Auto)

☐ Crossing Ramps

☐ Sand/Gravel **NEGOTIATE**

☐ Hurdles with Pipes

☐ Doors

☐ Labyrinth (Mapping)

**MOBILITY:** Drive TELEOPERATIVELY or AUTONOMOUSLY (no hands on interface) end-to-end in the lane.

CIRCLE A SINGLE LANE IN THE LIST ABOVE OR WRITE SEQUENCE OF LANES IN ORDER

TELEOP

**COMMS x2**

AUTO x4

**NEGOTIATE**

	1	2	3	4				
1			N	N	N	N		
2 RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N	
3		1	2	4	N	N	N	N
4 RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N	
5		1	2	4	N	N	N	N
6 RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N	
7		1	2	4	N	N	N	N
8 RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N	
9		1	2	4	N	N	N	N
10 RETURN UP RANGE TO START POINT	1	2	4	N	N	N	N	

MOBILITY

TOTAL POINTS

ELAPSED TIME

MM : SS

NEGOTIATE

TOTAL NO

**DEXTERITY:** Perform the available SETS OF TASKS starting anywhere and in any order. No repeated tasks.

SENSOR TASKS

VICTIM CRATE (ALWAYS)

	VISUAL	PROXIMITY	MOTION	HAZMAT	THERMAL
VICTIM CRATE (ALWAYS)	1	2	3	4	5

LINEAR TASKS

L 90°

L 45°

CENTER

R 45°

R 90°

	L 90°	L 45°	CENTER	R 45°	R 90°
INSPECT (ALWAYS)	1	1	1	1	1
TOUCH (PRELIMS)	2	2	2	2	2
INSERT (SEMIS, FINALS)	3	3	3	3	3

OMNI TASKS

L BOT

L TOP

CENTER

R TOP

R BOT

	L BOT	L TOP	CENTER	R TOP	R BOT
INSPECT (ALWAYS)	2	2	2	2	2
TOUCH (PRELIMS)	4	4	4	4	4
INSERT (SEMIS, FINALS)	6	6	6	6	6
PUSH E-STOPS (FINALS)	10	10	10	10	10
CLOSE VALVES (FINALS)	10	10	10	10	10
INSERT KEYS (FINALS)	10	10	10	10	10

DEXTERITY

TOTAL POINTS

ELAPSED TIME

MM : SS

**MAPPING:** Display 3-D scanned walls and features on TWO DIFFERENT 2-D MAPS at elevations of 1m (3ft) and 2m (6ft).

QUALITY AND ACCURACY

MAP SET 1

MAP SET 2

MAP SET 3

MAP SET 4

	MAP SET 1	MAP SET 2	MAP SET 3	MAP SET 4
FIDUCIALS (COVERAGE)	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5
QR CODES (SEARCH GAZE)	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5
OBJECTS (LEXICON)	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5

MAPPING

TOTAL POINTS





# New Tech Challenge



## Motivation

The new Technology Challenge provides teams with an opportunity to showcase advanced capabilities in RoboCup Rescue. It encompasses a range of tasks that require supervised autonomy under conditions of severe radio degradation.

In addition to the predefined tasks, the challenge offers an open field where research teams can demonstrate new capabilities relevant to rescue robotics within their respective fields of study. Examples include alleviating operators' stress in repetitive tasks or introducing assistive functions.

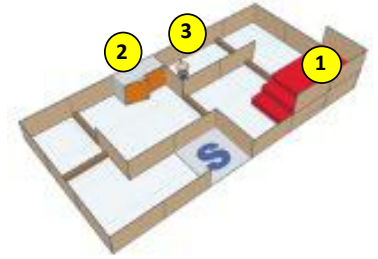
The team that performs the best in this challenge will be awarded the Technology Challenge Certificate. The score obtained in this challenge does not contribute to the overall championship or other "best in class" certificates.

## Scenario

The objective is to deploy a smart robot into an apartment and enable it to autonomously search for victims with supervision from the operator.

## Four Challenging Tasks

- Traverse stairs, open a cabinet door, find and map a victim.
- Open Stage: Teams are encouraged to showcase their own capabilities and demonstrate new technologies relevant to the field.



### **MOBILITY: Stair Traversal (25 pts)** 1

Go up and down a set of stairs

- Align with the stairs (5 pts)
- Go up the stairs and reach the top area (5 pts)
- Rotate robot more than 90°, then align again with stairs (5 pts)
- Go down the stairs and reach the bottom area (10 pts)

### **DEXTERITY: Cabinet Door (25 pts)** 2

Open a cabinet door, look inside and read the QR code

- Drive into area in front of cabinet door (5 pts)
- Detect handle (5 pts)
- Open door at least 90° (10 pts)
- Read QR code which is located inside the cabinet automatically (5 pts)

### **EXPLORATION: Victim Mapping (25 pts)** 3

Detect and localize one victim based on heat (automatic)

- Automatic victim identification (10 pts)
- Location in a 2D map (10 pts)
- Location in a 3D map (5 pts)

### **OPEN STAGE (25 pts)**

Demonstrate new technologies and research

- Usefulness (0 - 10 pts)
- Novelty (0 - 10 pts)
- Technical maturity (0 - 5 pts)

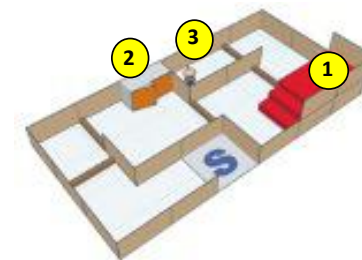




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## Environment, Setup and Scoring

- The robot must traverse uneven terrain, with 10 cm x 10 cm beams on the ground.
- All tasks must be performed with high radio degradation (bandwidth < 1 Mb/s), but full connectivity is ensured within the 1.2 m x 1.2 m start zone.
- Tasks can be performed with human-in-the-loop supervision, emphasizing supervised autonomy.
- All 4 tasks must be performed in a single 30 minutes mission: 5 minutes to set up, **20 minutes of operation**, 5 minutes to exit.
- The maximum score for the challenge is 100 points, with each task worth 25 points.
- Each task can be skipped. The order of the task execution can be determined by the operator.
- Detailed scoring sheets will be used to evaluate the fixed tasks, while technical experts will assign points for the Open Stage demonstration.



### **MOBILITY: Stair Traversal (25 pts)** 1

Go up and down a set of stairs

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### **OPEN STAGE (25 pts)**

Demonstrate new technologies and research

- Usefulness (0 - 10 pts)
- Novelty (0 - 10 pts)
- Technical maturity (0 - 5 pts)

Every team get to comprehensively evaluate their robot. Teams seeking to accumulate scores can win awards to recognize their accomplishments.

Scores are normalized relative to the best score in each lane or sequence so the results can be compared with other lanes that are easier/harder for teams in general.

- **Best-In-Class Awards** are given for teams that demonstrate the most capable and reliable robots within a class of tests: Mobility, Dexterity, and Exploration/Mapping. The trials are captured during the Preliminaries when all teams are involved.
- **1st, 2nd, and 3rd Place Awards** are given to teams that combine all three categories of capabilities to demonstrate the best performance across the entire arena. These teams perform the most challenging mission sequences on the final day.
- **Certificate Awards** recognize important contributions across the league such as the most intuitive operator interface or particularly effective design functionalities and the Tech Challenge.

